Leelanau County, Michigan



Year Ended December 31, 2021

Financial Statements

Rehmann

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

May 24, 2022

Honorable Members of the **Board of Commissioners** Leelanau County Suttons Bay, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Leelanau County, Michigan (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the major special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

· conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Leelanau County, Michigan, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key metrics and financial highlights of the County for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Total net position	\$ 34,776,831
Unrestricted net position	15,416,041
Change in net position	867,013
Fund balances, governmental funds	12,936,462
Change in fund balances, governmental funds	573,211
Fund balance, General Fund	9,450,782
(as percentage of General Fund expenditures and transfers out)	65%
Unassigned fund balance, General Fund	9,322,192
(as percentage of General Fund expenditures and transfers out)	64%

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include various services within the legislative, general government, judicial, public safety, public works, health and welfare, and recreation and cultural functions. The business-type activities of the County include delinquent tax collection, building inspection, inmate commissary, and tax reversion functions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Leelanau County Road Commission, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and Land Bank Authority for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for discretely presented *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balances for the General Fund, the Senior Services Special Revenue Fund, and the Village of Northport Sewer Debt Retirement Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets for the General Fund and the Senior Services Special Revenue Fund.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its delinquent tax collection, building inspection, inmate commissary, homestead audit, and treasurer's tax reversion activities. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various County functions.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension plan.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds are presented following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$34,776,831 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A large portion of the County's net position represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets is 44.5% of the total net position. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's total net position increased by \$867,013 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

	Net Position								
	Governmen	tal Activities		Business-ty	pe A	Activities	Total		
	2021	2020		2021		2020	2021	2020	
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$ 25,159,690	\$ 23,118,587	\$	8,060,809	\$	7,668,642	\$ 33,220,499	\$ 30,787,229	
Capital assets, net	19,433,260	20,948,568		_		_	19,433,260	20,948,568	
Total assets	44,592,950	44,067,155		8,060,809		7,668,642	52,653,759	51,735,797	
Deferred outflow of resources	1,338,418	729,351					1,338,418	729,351	
Liabilities									
Long-term debt outstanding	9,466,777	10,881,596		20,615		17,051	9,487,392	10,898,647	
Other liabilities	5,051,031	4,001,118		55,955		123,053	5,106,986	4,124,171	
Total liabilities	14,517,808	14,882,714		76,570		140,104	14,594,378	15,022,818	
Deferred inflows of resources	4,620,968	3,532,512		-		-	4,620,968	3,532,512	
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	15,486,149	16,402,619		-		-	15,486,149	16,402,619	
Restricted	3,874,641	3,881,140		-		-	3,874,641	3,881,140	
Unrestricted	7,431,802	6,097,521		7,984,239		7,528,538	15,416,041	13,626,059	
Total net position	\$ 26,792,592	\$ 26,381,280	\$	7,984,239	\$	7,528,538	\$ 34,776,831	\$ 33,909,818	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Change in Net Position							
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 2,431,278	\$ 2,224,922	\$ 1,531,690	\$ 1,241,233	\$ 3,962,968	\$ 3,466,155		
Operating grants	1,138,085	1,659,699	-	-	1,138,085	1,659,699		
Capital grants	31,650	31,650	-	-	31,650	31,650		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	12,930,101	12,085,858	-	-	12,930,101	12,085,858		
Unrestricted grants and								
contributions	251,697	135,982	-	-	251,697	135,982		
Unrestricted investment								
earnings (loss)	10,293	62,854	(338)	22,681	9,955	85,535		
Gain on sale of capital assets	31,800	4,501	-	-	31,800	4,501		
Total revenues	16,824,904	16,205,466	1,531,352	1,263,914	18,356,256	17,469,380		
Expenses								
Legislative	569,688	554,726	-	-	569,688	554,726		
General government	4,399,732	4,038,169	-	-	4,399,732	4,038,169		
Judicial	1,449,196	1,444,535	-	-	1,449,196	1,444,535		
Public safety	7,076,451	7,120,092	-	-	7,076,451	7,120,092		
Public works	691,337	653,404	-	-	691,337	653,404		
Health and welfare	2,123,906	1,962,919	-	-	2,123,906	1,962,919		
Recreation and cultural	220,973	159,281	-	-	220,973	159,281		
Interest on long-term debt	136,655	205,867	-	-	136,655	205,867		
Delinquent tax collection	-	-	10,024	33,237	10,024	33,237		
Building inspections	-	-	759,142	760,666	759,142	760,666		
Inmate commissary	-	-	7,039	4,495	7,039	4,495		
Treasurer's tax reversion	-	-	45,100	58,851	45,100	58,851		
Total expenses	16,667,938	16,138,993	821,305	857,249	17,489,243	16,996,242		
Change in net position,								
before transfers	156,966	66,473	710,047	406,665	867,013	473,138		
Transfers	254,346	239,937	(254,346)	(239,937)				
Change in net position	411,312	306,410	455,701	166,728	867,013	473,138		
Net position, beginning of year	26,381,280	26,074,870	7,528,538	7,361,810	33,909,818	33,436,680		
Net position, end of year	\$ 26,792,592	\$ 26,381,280	\$ 7,984,239	\$ 7,528,538	\$ 34,776,831	\$ 33,909,818		

Management's Discussion and Analysis

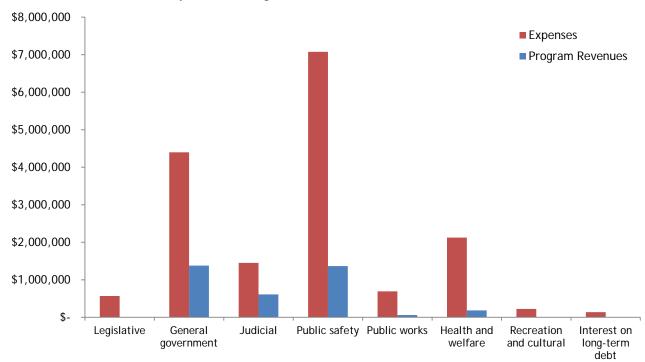
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$411,312, compared to an increase of \$306,410 in the prior year. While property tax revenues increased due to an increase in taxable values, operating grants decreased primarily due to certain COVID-19 related grants received in the prior year. Overall expenses increased by approximately 3.3% as compared to 2020.

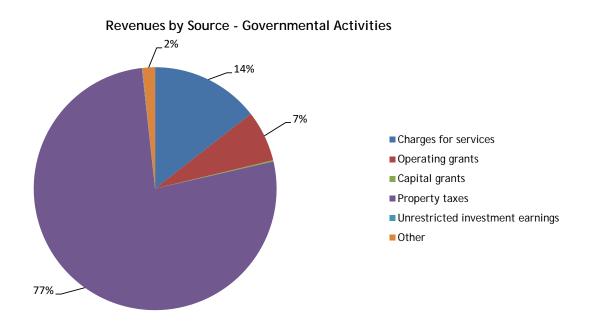
Government activities include:

- · Legislative activities expenses related to support the Board of Commissioners and high-level administrative expenses.
- · General government activities expenses related to support the departments of the County such as administration, human resources, treasury, information services, facilities management and finance.
- · Judicial activities expenses related to the administration of circuit, district and probate/family courts and court probation units.
- · Public safety expenses related to sheriff's administration and road patrol and County corrections services.
- · Public works expenses related to the County drain commissioner.
- Health and welfare expenses related to veterans' services, medical examiner fees, expansion of a local hospital (a legally separate entity), operations of the senior services and childcare programs.
- · Recreational and cultural activities expenses related to County owned parks.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis



Business-type Activities

The business-type activities of the County include enterprise fund operations. Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$455,701, compared to an increase of \$166,728 in the year, primarily due to an increase in building and other permit revenues.

Business-type activities include:

- Unpledged Delinquent Tax Revolving Fund this fund was established as a means to provide the local governments within
 the County's jurisdiction with 100% of the property tax distributions owed to them annually. The County then acts as the
 collection agency for the outstanding delinquent taxes. Current policy is to maintain cash and investments to fund 100%
 of the prior year's delinquent tax settlements.
- · Building Inspection Fund this fund accounts for the County's building inspection fees and related services.
- · Nonmajor Enterprise Funds this consists of the Treasurer's Tax Reversion Fund which accounts for the collection of tax revenue on foreclosed properties and the Homestead Audit and Inmate Commissary Funds which provides for inspection services and jail commissary services in the County.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$367,042 during 2021. Fund balance at December 31, 2021 totaled \$9,450,782, of which \$9,322,192 was considered unassigned.

The fund balance of the Senior Services Special Revenue Fund increased by \$148,836 during 2021. The increase was attributed to tax collections in excess of ongoing operational expenditures.

The Village of Northport Sewer Debt Retirement Fund had current year revenues of \$779,375, which were used entirely for debt service expenditures. There was no ending fund balance of the Village of Northport Sewer Debt Retirement Fund at year-end, as expected.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Other factors considering the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County Board of Commissioners amended the budget to take into account events during the year. Specifically, the Board made several changes to the budget that fall into these categories:

- · Amendments and supplemental appropriations to reflect actual beginning balances and prevention of budget overruns.
- · Amendments to provide for the additional voluntary contributions made to the County's pension plan.
- · Board approved capital expenditures for capital assets.

Overall expenditures were under budget by \$1,205,025, primarily due to conservative budgeting practices by the County. In addition, transfers out were under budget by \$449,052 due to the timing of cash flows needs for various construction projects.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. A capital asset is an asset whose cost exceeds \$5,000 and useful life is greater than two years. Included in the cost of a capital asset are items such as labor and freight and any other costs associated with bringing the asset into full operation. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the course of their useful lives.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

During the year, the County's primary capital asset activity related to various vehicle purchases and other equipment additions.

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)				
	Governmental Activities				
	2021	2020			
Land	\$ 1,305,276	\$ 1,305,276			
Construction in progress	13,610	82,629			
Infrastructure	1,891,209	2,035,196			
Building and improvements	11,983,889	12,854,765			
Land improvements	1,015,270	1,229,876			
Towers	744,126	800,551			
Equipment and furniture	2,169,519	2,327,645			
Vehicles	310,361 312,6				
Total capital assets, net	\$ 19,433,260 \$ 20,948,5				

Long-term Debt. General installment debt consist of bonds of the Department of Public Works maturing in 2028, a general obligation bond refunded during 2021 for construction of the County Law Enforcement Center maturing in 2027, and a capital lease maturing in 2026.

		Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities		
	2021			2020	2021		2020	
Public placement bonds Direct placement capital lease Bond premiums	\$	7,755,000 1,306,339	\$	8,750,000 1,553,470 154,042	\$ -	\$	-	
Compensated absences		405,438		424,084	 20,615		17,051	
Total long-term debt	\$	9,466,777	\$	10,881,596	\$ 20,615	\$	17,051	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The County's budget for 2022 does not increase property tax rates. Because of the impact of Proposal A, however, the County will continue to monitor its budget very closely. The Headlee statewide tax reform act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation or 5% unless there is a transfer of ownership. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the County could grow less than inflation, before considering new property additions. Generally, properties that have transfer of ownership will offset the properties that do not increase by the rate of inflation, resulting in an actual increase in value by more than the rate of inflation before new construction.

Although having faced revenue shortages from the State over the last five years, the overall County adopted 2022 budget is expected to be a stable one.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The above indicators were considered when adopting the General Fund budget for 2022. As the County prepared for the 2022 budget, those same indicators guided us in our budget deliberations, in addition to such things as additional grant revenue, cost of living adjustments, the cost of postemployment benefits, and the rising cost of health care. After all estimates were calculated, the County's budget for 2022 is expected to remain steady.

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in many unknowns when considering the long-term future economic outlook for the County. However, the County was awarded several grants for reimbursement of expenditures incurred during fiscal year 2021 and 2022 related to the pandemic.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Leelanau County, 8527 E. Government Center Drive, Suite 101, Suttons Bay, Michigan, 49682. Additional information can be found at our website at www.leelanau.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2021

	P			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 16,385,641	\$ 6,970,663	\$ 23,356,304	\$ 1,502,333
Receivables	8,299,528	1,090,096	9,389,624	2,749,338
Prepaid items	384,521	50	384,571	40,020
Inventory	-	-	-	1,111,225
Long-term advance to component units	90,000	-	90,000	-
Assets held for resale	-	-	-	75,307
Net pension asset	-	-	-	704,766
Capital assets:				
Not being depreciated	1,318,886	-	1,318,886	17,487,033
Being depreciated, net	18,114,374		18,114,374	19,746,561
Total assets	44,592,950	8,060,809	52,653,759	43,416,583
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred pension amounts	1,338,418		1,338,418	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,350,592	55,955	1,406,547	228,322
Unearned revenue	2,105,530	-	2,105,530	457,654
Long-term advance from primary government	-	-	-	90,000
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	1,772,166	20,615	1,792,781	80,511
Due in more than one year	7,694,611	-	7,694,611	287,350
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	1,594,909		1,594,909	
Total liabilities	14,517,808	76,570	14,594,378	1,143,837
Deferred inflows of resources				
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	2,059,321	-	2,059,321	1,455,560
Deferred pension amounts	2,520,875	-	2,520,875	647,705
Deferred gain on refunding	40,772		40,772	
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,620,968		4,620,968	2,103,265
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	15,486,149	_	15,486,149	37,233,594
Restricted for:	-, ·- -, -		-, ·- -, - ·	/== - /= /
Capital projects	206,078	-	206,078	-
Other state mandated programs	3,668,563	-	3,668,563	-
Pension benefits	, , , -	-	-	57,061
Unrestricted	7,431,802	7,984,239	15,416,041	2,878,826
Total net position	\$ 26,792,592	\$ 7,984,239	\$ 34,776,831	\$ 40,169,481

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Expenses		Charges or Services	G	Operating irants And intributions	Gı	Capital rants And ntributions	•	Net Expenses) Revenues
Primary government												
Governmental activities:												
Legislative	\$	569,688	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(569,688)		
General government		4,399,732		1,111,870		266,762		-		(3,021,100)		
Judicial		1,449,196		371,059		238,830		-		(839,307)		
Public safety		7,076,451		887,669		446,392		31,650		(5,710,740)		
Public works		691,337		60,355		-		-		(630,982)		
Health and welfare		2,123,906		325		185,736		-		(1,937,845)		
Recreation and cultural		220,973		-		365		-		(220,608)		
Interest on long-term debt		136,655								(136,655)		
Total governmental activities		16,667,938		2,431,278		1,138,085		31,650		(13,066,925)		
Business-type activities:												
Delinquent tax collection		10,024		399,974		-		-		389,950		
Building inspections		759,142		1,016,804		-		-		257,662		
Inmate commissary		7,039		3,080		-		-		(3,959)		
Treasurer's tax reversion		45,100		111,832						66,732		
Total business-type activities		821,305		1,531,690			-			710,385		
Total primary government	\$	17,489,243	\$	3,962,968	\$	1,138,085	\$	31,650	\$	(12,356,540)		
Component units												
Road Commission	Ś	7,539,279	Ś	1,508,756	Ś	5,750,453	\$	_	\$	(280,070)		
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	•	11,137	•	-	•	-	·	_	•	(11,137)		
Land Bank Authority		74		60						(14)		
Total component units	\$	7,550,490	\$	1,508,816	\$	5,750,453	\$		\$	(291,221)		

continued...

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	P			
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Component Units
Changes in net position				
Net (expenses) revenues	\$ (13,066,925)	\$ 710,385	\$ (12,356,540)	\$ (291,221)
General revenues: Property taxes	12,930,101		12,930,101	1,458,744
Grants and contributions not restricted	, ,		, ,	1,430,744
to specific programs	251,697	- (220)	251,697	- 239
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss) Gain on sale of capital assets	10,293 31,800	(338)	9,955 31,800	161,973
Transfers	254,346	(254,346)	31,800	101,973
Total general revenues and transfers	13,478,237	(254,684)	13,223,553	1,620,956
Change in net position	411,312	455,701	867,013	1,329,735
Net position, beginning of year	26,381,280	7,528,538	33,909,818	38,839,746
Net position, end of year	\$ 26,792,592	\$ 7,984,239	\$ 34,776,831	\$ 40,169,481

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Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

		General		Senior Services Special Revenue	Village of Northport Sewer Debt Retirement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total
		General		Revenue	•	tetii eiii eii		Tulius		Total
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	11,754,069	\$	1,035,045	\$	-	\$	2,811,499	\$	15,600,613
Receivables:										
Accounts		57,560		-		-		93,109		150,669
Loans		-		-		-		530,915		530,915
Taxes		473,442		860,714		-		922,565		2,256,721
Leases		-		-		5,155,000		-		5,155,000
Interest		1,525		-		20,942		-		22,467
Due from other governments		132,921		-		-		48,682		181,603
Prepaid items		38,590		264		-		15,943		54,797
Long-term advance to component units		90,000								90,000
Total assets	\$	12,548,107	\$	1,896,023	\$	5,175,942	\$	4,422,713	\$	24,042,785
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	503,153	\$	27,853	\$	_	\$	193,987	\$	724,993
Accrued liabilities	Y	206,387	Ψ	8,569	7	_	Ψ	-	Υ	214,956
Unearned revenue		2,097,169		-		_		8,361		2,105,530
								0,002		2,200,000
Total liabilities		2,806,709		36,422				202,348		3,045,479
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		290,616		4,050		-		-		294,666
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable		-		-		-		530,915		530,915
Unavailable revenue - leases and										
interest receivable		-		-		5,175,942		-		5,175,942
Taxes levied for a subsequent period				990,686				1,068,635		2,059,321
Total deferred inflows of resources		290,616		994,736		5,175,942		1,599,550		8,060,844
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		128,590		264		_		15,943		144,797
Restricted		-		864,601		_		2,458,868		3,323,469
Committed		-		_		-		146,004		146,004
Unassigned		9,322,192								9,322,192
Total fund balances		9,450,782		864,865				2,620,815		12,936,462
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$	12,548,107	\$	1,896,023	\$	5,175,942	\$	4,422,713	\$	24,042,785

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2021

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 12,936,462

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated	1,318,886
Capital assets being depreciated, net	18,114,374
Less amounts accounted for in internal service funds	(387,992)

The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing. Accordingly, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Unavailable property taxes receivable	294,666
Unavailable loans receivable	530,915
Unavailable leases and interest receivable	5,175,942

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Net position of governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds	1,124,261

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds and capital lease payable	(9,061,339)
Compensated absences	(405,438)
Deferred gain on refunding, net	(40,772)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(30,007)

Certain pension-related amounts, such as the net pension liability and deferred amounts, are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

resources, and therefore are not reported in the runds.	
Net pension liability	(1,594,909)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	1,338,418
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(2,520,875)

Net position of governmental activities \$ 26,792,592

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Senior Services Special Revenue	Village of Northport Sewer Debt Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 10,810,316	\$ 961,385	\$ -	\$ 1,200,606	\$ 12,972,307
Licenses and permits	12,496	φ 301,303 -	· -	-	12,496
Intergovernmental	909,711	16,720	779,375	298,482	2,004,288
Charges for services	1,283,193			614,280	1,897,473
Refunds and reimbursements	103,848	291	_	128,941	233,080
Fines and forfeitures	2,461		_	-	2,461
Interest	1,598	_	_	3,482	5,080
Other	320,089	7,943	_	231,889	559,921
o their	320,003		-	231,003	333,321
Total revenues	13,443,712	986,339	779,375	2,477,680	17,687,106
Expenditures					
Current:					
Legislative	587,706	-	-	-	587,706
General government	3,075,192	-	-	5,811	3,081,003
Judicial	1,471,940	-	-	-	1,471,940
Public safety	6,585,561	-	-	308,772	6,894,333
Public works	-	-	-	554,505	554,505
Health and welfare	1,051,188	759,085	-	341,615	2,151,888
Recreation and cultural	195,479	-	-	-	195,479
Other expenditures	795,206	-	-	-	795,206
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	690,000	617,131	1,307,131
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	89,375	61,314	150,689
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	26,520	26,520
Capital outlay				153,903	153,903
Total expenditures	13,762,272	759,085	779,375	2,069,571	17,370,303
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(318,560)	227,254		408,109	316,803
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	1,395,059	-	-	1,232,564	2,627,623
Transfers out	(709,457)	(78,418)	-	(1,610,402)	(2,398,277)
Issuance of long-term refunding debt	-	-	-	2,600,000	2,600,000
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	<u>-</u>	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	(2,572,938)	(2,572,938)
Total other financing sources (uses)	685,602	(78,418)		(350,776)	256,408
Net change in fund balances	367,042	148,836	-	57,333	573,211
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,083,740	716,029		2,563,482	12,363,251
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,450,782	\$ 864,865	\$ -	\$ 2,620,815	\$ 12,936,462

Reconciliation

Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in	fund balances - total	governmental funds

\$ 573,211

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased/constructed	563,446
Less acquisition/construction of capital assets accounted for in governmental internal service funds	(162,991)
Depreciation expense	(2,078,754)
Less depreciation expense accounted for in governmental internal service funds	155,120

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather deferred to the following fiscal year.

Change in unavailable property tax receivables	(42,206)
Change in unavailable loans receivable	(164,205)
Change in unavailable leases receivable	(690,000)
Change in unavailable interest receivable	(2,804)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term debt	1,307,131
Issuance of long-term refunding debt	(2,600,000)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	2,572,938

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest on bonds payable	8,533
Change in accrued compensated absences	18,646
Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts	917,925
Amortization of bond premium	5,501
Amortization of deferred charge/gain on refunding	3,268

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment usage to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

with governmental activities.	
Gain on sale of capital assets in governmental internal service funds	31,800
Investment income from governmental internal service funds	5,213
Net operating transfers in from governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds	25,000
Net operating loss from governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds	(35,460)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 411,312

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 10,254,600	\$ 10,782,012	\$ 10,810,316	\$ 28,304
Licenses and permits	14,300	14,300	12,496	(1,804)
Intergovernmental	750,529	930,203	909,711	(20,492)
Charges for services	930,776	1,306,176	1,283,193	(22,983)
Refunds and reimbursements	107,099	123,099	103,848	(19,251)
Fines and forfeitures	1,500	3,000	2,461	(539)
Interest	45,000	45,000	1,598	(43,402)
Other	 338,361	 376,257	 320,089	 (56,168)
Total revenues	 12,442,165	 13,580,047	 13,443,712	(136,335)
Expenditures				
Legislative:				
Board of Commissioners	 565,660	 617,285	 587,706	 (29,579)
General government:				
Accounting	186,084	189,024	179,318	(9,706)
Elections	52,269	52,269	30,497	(21,772)
Apportionment commission	6,600	6,600	110	(6,490)
County clerk	466,870	482,829	447,086	(35,743)
Circuit court clerk	29,242	29,242	13,341	(15,901)
Equalization	465,100	469,364	400,823	(68,541)
Attorney/legal fees	83,857	83,857	78,195	(5,662)
Remonumentation	31,000	31,000	27,357	(3,643)
Prosecuting attorney	585,837	588,428	566,250	(22,178)
Prosecuting attorney - social services	74,123	74,305	69,289	(5,016)
Victim services	84,972	85,442	82,229	(3,213)
Register of deeds	307,632	311,139	307,369	(3,770)
Plat board	496	496	, -	(496)
Treasurer	347,786	350,098	341,563	(8,535)
Cooperative extension	267,938	272,052	269,292	(2,760)
Drain commission	57,973	215,943	146,482	(69,461)
Soil conservation	65,091	65,091	65,091	-
County audit	49,150	50,900	50,900	
Total general government	 3,162,020	3,358,079	 3,075,192	(282,887)

continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Original Budget		_		_		_		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Expenditures (continued)														
Judicial:														
Circuit court	\$	205,417	\$	205,417	\$	196,353	\$	(9,064)						
Circuit court - family		280,717		281,801		235,279		(46,522)						
Friend of the court		45,000		45,000		22,500		(22,500)						
Circuit court - family volume		800		800		625		(175)						
Circuit court - juvenile		123,749		131,661		125,137		(6,524)						
Family coordinating council		12,000		12,000		12,000		-						
District court		513,581		545,221		456,154		(89,067)						
Jury fees		13,890		13,890		10,812		(3,078)						
Probate court		375,541		376,805		367,000		(9,805)						
Friend of the court		48,300		48,300		42,280		(6,020)						
Law library		9,500		9,500		3,800		(5,700)						
Total judicial		1,628,495		1,670,395		1,471,940		(198,455)						
Public safety:														
Sheriff		2,279,246		2,349,136		2,216,861		(132,275)						
Emergency medical service		100		100		-		(100)						
Marine		83,537		92,187		78,887		(13,300)						
Sheriff secondary road patrol		116,236		116,850		103,829		(13,021)						
Jail		2,107,046		2,138,504		2,084,560		(53,944)						
Planning department		287,020		288,718		263,754		(24,964)						
Planning commission		15,641		15,641		5,016		(10,625)						
COPS Fast		88,254		88,254		81,107		(7,147)						
Township/Village police services		104,923		105,537		99,199		(6,338)						
Anti-Drug		105,356		105,970		100,627		(5,343)						
Emergency services		98,922		288,229		269,589		(18,640)						
Disaster contingency		5,500		5,500		-		(5,500)						
Animal control		103,581		104,051		93,709		(10,342)						
Community corrections		10,350		10,350		10,350		-						
911		1,140,802		1,225,802		1,178,073		(47,729)						
Total public safety		6,546,514		6,934,829		6,585,561		(349,268)						

continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over Inder) Final Budget
Expenditures (concluded)							
Health and welfare:							
Benzie/Leelanau health department	\$	338,371	\$	338,371	\$	338,271	\$ (100)
Substance abuse		54,500		54,500		48,924	(5,576)
Ambulance services		100		100		-	(100)
Medical examiner		85,096		93,196		85,309	(7,887)
Mental health board American legion		139,700 3,000		139,700 3,825		139,700 3,812	(13)
Veteran's affairs		56,324		66,324		63,566	(2,758)
Veteran's burial		10,800		10,800		2,400	(8,400)
Department of human services		15,000		15,000		15,000	(8,400)
Child care		539,416		540,644		266,498	(274,146)
Soldiers and sailors		6,000		6,000		1,466	(4,534)
Juvenile justice		95,315		95,929		86,242	(9,687)
saverme justice		33,313		33,323		00,242	 (3,007)
Total health and welfare		1,343,622		1,364,389		1,051,188	 (313,201)
Recreation and cultural:							
Parks and recreation		167,001		216,536		195,479	 (21,057)
Other expenditures:							
Insurance		465,000		727,000		726,299	(701)
Bonds		8,000		8,000		7,459	(541)
Unemployment compensation		5,000		5,000		364	(4,636)
Workers compensation insurance		50,890		60,330		55,630	(4,700)
NW Michigan council of governments		5,454		5,454		5,454	 <u> </u>
Total other expenditures		534,344		805,784		795,206	 (10,578)
Total expenditures		13,947,656		14,967,297		13,762,272	 (1,205,025)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,505,491)		(1,387,250)		(318,560)	1,068,690
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		1,481,215		1,407,448		1,395,059	(12,389)
Transfers out		(1,083,509)		(1,158,509)		(709,457)	(449,052)
Total other financing sources (uses)		397,706	_	248,939		685,602	436,663
Net change in fund balance		(1,107,785)		(1,138,311)		367,042	1,505,353
Fund balance, beginning of year		9,083,740		9,083,740		9,083,740	 <u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,975,955	\$	7,945,429	\$	9,450,782	\$ 1,505,353

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

concluded

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Senior Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over Inder) Final Budget
Revenues Property taxes Intergovernmental Refunds and reimbursements Other	\$ 881,652 35,000 - 16,000	\$ 935,426 35,000 - 16,000	\$	961,385 16,720 291 7,943	\$	25,959 (18,280) 291 (8,057)
Total revenues	932,652	986,426		986,339		(87)
Expenditures Current - health and welfare Revenues over expenditures	 866,415 66,237	 908,008		759,085 227,254		(148,923)
Other financing uses Transfers out	(78,418)	(78,418)		(78,418)		
Net change in fund balance	(12,181)	-		148,836		148,836
Fund balance, beginning of year	716,029	 716,029		716,029		_
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 703,848	\$ 716,029	\$	864,865	\$	148,836

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

December 31, 2021			vernmental Activities							
	Unpledged Delinquent Tax Revolving		Building Inspection		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		Se	Internal rvice Funds
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	5,451,243	\$	1,074,686	\$	444,734	\$	6,970,663	\$	785,028
Receivables:										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		2,153
Delinquent taxes		934,510		-		26,370		960,880		-
Interest on delinquent taxes		128,686		-		-		128,686		-
Due from other governments		-		-		530		530		-
Due from other funds		-		-		50		50		-
Prepaid items		_		_		_				329,724
Total current assets		6,514,439		1,074,686		471,684		8,060,809		1,116,905
Noncurrent assets:										
Capital assets being depreciated, net										387,992
Total assets		6,514,439		1,074,686		471,684		8,060,809		1,504,897
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		4,246		6,825		11,071		304,378
Accrued liabilities		-		18,497		-		18,497		76,258
Due to other governments		18		-		26,369		26,387		-
Compensated absences				20,615				20,615		
Total liabilities (all current)		18		43,358		33,194		76,570		380,636
Net position										
Investment in capital assets		-		-		-		-		387,992
Unrestricted		6,514,421		1,031,328		438,490		7,984,239		736,269
Total net position	\$	6,514,421	\$	1,031,328	\$	438,490	\$	7,984,239	\$	1,124,261

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021					Governmental
	Bus	Activities			
	Unpledged Delinquent Tax Revolving	Building Inspection	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues					
Charges for services Interest on delinquent taxes	\$ 126,820 273,154	\$ 1,016,804	\$ 114,912	\$ 1,258,536 273,154	\$ 3,377,281
interest on delinquent taxes	2/3,134			2/3,134	
Total operating revenues	399,974	1,016,804	114,912	1,531,690	3,377,281
Operating expenses					
Salaries and fringes Depreciation	-	648,013	-	648,013	317,056
Other operating expenses	10,024	111,129	52,139	- 173,292	155,120 2,940,565
Total operating expenses	10,024	759,142	52,139	821,305	3,412,741
Total operating expenses	10,024	739,142	32,139	821,303	3,412,741
Operating income (loss)	389,950	257,662	62,773	710,385	(35,460)
Nonoperating revenues					
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	31,800
Investment income (loss)	(338)			(338)	5,213
Total nonoperating revenues	(338)			(338)	37,013
Income before transfers	389,612	257,662	62,773	710,047	1,553
Transfers					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	25,000
Transfers out	(130,500)	(99,251)	(24,595)	(254,346)	
Total transfers	(130,500)	(99,251)	(24,595)	(254,346)	25,000
Change in net position	259,112	158,411	38,178	455,701	26,553
Net position, beginning of year	6,255,309	872,917	400,312	7,528,538	1,097,708
Net position, end of year	\$ 6,514,421	\$ 1,031,328	\$ 438,490	\$ 7,984,239	\$ 1,124,261

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

,									
	Bus	iness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fu	nds	Activities				
	Unpledged		Nonmajor						
	Delinquent	Building	Enterprise		Internal				
	Tax Revolving	Inspection	Funds	Total	Service Funds				
Cash flows from operating activities									
Cash received from interfund services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,428,362				
Cash received from customers	3,902,357	1,017,457	131,626	5,051,440	-				
Cash payments for delinquent taxes	(3,380,051)	-	-	(3,380,051)	-				
Cash payments to suppliers for									
goods and services	(10,024)	(109,025)	(61,713)	(180,762)	(1,005,733)				
Cash payments to employees for services		(644,449)		(644,449)	(2,329,797)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	512,282	263,983	69,913	846,178	92,832				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities									
Transfers in	_	_	-	_	25,000				
Transfers out	(130,500)	(99,251)	(24,595)	(254,346)					
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital									
financing activities	(130,500)	(99,251)	(24,595)	(254,346)	25,000				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					(122.224)				
Purchases of capital assets	-	-	-	-	(162,991)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					31,800				
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities					(131,191)				
Cash flows from investing activities									
Interest received (investment loss)	(338)			(338)	5,213				
Net change in cash and investments	381,444	164,732	45,318	591,494	(8,146)				
Cash and investments, beginning of year	5,069,799	909,954	399,416	6,379,169	793,174				
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 5,451,243	\$ 1,074,686	\$ 444,734	\$ 6,970,663	\$ 785,028				

continued...

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

										ernmental
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Activities		
	Un	pledged			No	nmajor				
	De	linquent	В	Building	Ent	terprise			Ir	nternal
	Tax	Revolving	In	spection	F	unds	Total		Serv	ice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income										
(loss) to net cash provided by										
operating activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	389,950	\$	257,662	\$	62,773	\$	710,385	\$	(35,460)
Adjustments to reconcile operating										
income (loss) to net cash provided by										
operating activities:										
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		155,120
Changes in operating assets and										
liabilities which provided (used) cash:										
Receivables:										
Accounts		-		-		4,099		4,099		(1,471)
Delinquent taxes		154,388		-		12,558		166,946		-
Interest on delinquent taxes		28,275		-		-		28,275		-
Due from other governments		-		-		57		57		-
Prepaid items		-		-		(50)		(50)		(99,139)
Accounts payable		(60,349)		653		3,036		(56,660)		51,341
Accrued liabilities		-		2,104		-		2,104		22,441
Due to other governments		18		-		(12,560)		(12,542)		-
Compensated absences				3,564				3,564		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	512,282	\$	263,983	\$	69,913	\$	846,178	\$	92,832

concluded

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

		Custodial Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$	684,087
Liabilities Due to other governments		667,063
Net position restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$</u>	17,024

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
Additions Property tax collections for	
other governments	\$ 23,803,078
Library penal fine collections	33,093
Inmate trust collections	78,266
Miscellaneous	314,618
Total additions	24,229,055
Deductions	
Payments of property taxes to	
other governments	23,803,078
Library penal fine distributions	33,093
Inmate trust distributions	68,538
Miscellaneous	314,618
Total deductions	24,219,327
Change in net position	9,728
Net position, beginning of year	7,296
Net position, end of year	\$ 17,024

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Combining Statement of Net Position

Discretely Presented Component Units December 31, 2021

		Brownfield		
	Road	Redevelopment	Land Bank	
	Commission	Authority	Authority	Total
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,212,508	\$ 222,570	\$ 67,255	\$ 1,502,333
Receivables	2,729,338	-	20,000	2,749,338
Prepaid items	40,020	-	-	40,020
Inventory	1,111,225	-	-	1,111,225
Assets held for resale	-	-	75,307	75,307
Net pension asset	704,766	-	-	704,766
Capital assets:				
Not being depreciated	17,487,033	-	-	17,487,033
Being depreciated, net	19,746,561			19,746,561
Total assets	43,031,451	222,570	162,562	43,416,583
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	227,989	333	-	228,322
Unearned revenue	457,654	-	-	457,654
Long-term advance from primary government	-	90,000	-	90,000
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	56,238	24,273	-	80,511
Due in more than one year	21,008	266,342		287,350
Total liabilities	762,889	380,948		1,143,837
Deferred inflows of resources				
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	1,455,560	-	-	1,455,560
Deferred pension amounts	647,705			647,705
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,103,265			2,103,265
Net position				
Investment in capital assets	37,233,594	-	-	37,233,594
Restricted for:				
Pension benefits	57,061	-	-	57,061
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,874,642	(158,378)	162,562	2,878,826
Total net position	\$ 40,165,297	\$ (158,378)	\$ 162,562	\$ 40,169,481

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Combining Statement of Activities

Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Road	Brownfield Redevelopment	Land Bank	
	Commission	Authority	Authority	Total
F				
Expenses Road Commission	\$ 7,539,279	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,539,279
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	÷ 7,559,279	11,137	- -	11,137
Land Bank Authority	-	-	74	74
Total expenses	7,539,279	11,137	74	7,550,490
Program revenues				
Charges for services	1,508,756	-	60	1,508,816
Operating grants and contributions	5,750,453			5,750,453
Total program revenues	7,259,209		60	7,259,269
Net expenses	(280,070)	(11,137)	(14)	(291,221)
General revenues				
Property taxes	1,410,435	42,293	6,016	1,458,744
Unrestricted investment earnings	190	49	-	239
Gain on sale of capital assets	161,973	·		161,973
Total general revenues	1,572,598	42,342	6,016	1,620,956
Change in net position	1,292,528	31,205	6,002	1,329,735
Net position, beginning of year	38,872,769	(189,583)	156,560	38,839,746
Net position, end of year	\$ 40,165,297	\$ (158,378)	\$ 162,562	\$ 40,169,481

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Leelanau County, Michigan (the "County") was organized in 1863 and covers an area of approximately 334 square miles with the county seat located in Suttons Bay, Michigan. The County operates under an elected Board of Commissioners of seven members and provides services, assistance and care to its more than 21,000 residents, primarily from the operations of its general and special revenue funds. The County's services, assistance and care include the (1) general county departments, boards and commissions; (2) court system administration; (3) law enforcement and corrections; (4) assistance and/or institutional care to the aged, needy, wards of the court, neglected children and public and mental health recipients; (5) libraries; and (6) recreation.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the County and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Leelanau County Road Commission (the "Road Commission") - The Road Commission is responsible for the maintenance and construction of the County road system. The County appoints the members of the Road Commission and is a direct beneficiary of the services provided. The Road Commission may not issue debt or levy a tax without the approval of the County Board of Commissioners. The Road Commission is audited individually and complete financial statements can be obtained from the Road Commission at 10550 E. Eckerle Road, Suttons Bay, MI 49682.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (the "Brownfield") - Members of the governing board of the Brownfield are appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. The Brownfield reviews and approves plans for business development within designated areas of the County where property was once contaminated. Property tax revenues from the "captured" portion of these properties are restricted to pay for site clean-up expenditures and future development depending on the development plan adopted for each project. The County has the ability to significantly influence the operations of the Brownfield and has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no separately issued financial statements for the Brownfield.

Notes to Financial Statements

Land Bank Authority (the "Land Bank") - The Land Bank was incorporated pursuant to the Michigan Land Bank Fast Track Act (Public Act 258) and an intergovernmental agreement between the Land Bank and Leelanau County. The agreement established the Land Bank as a separate legal entity and public body corporate to administer and execute Land Bank objectives. Because members of the Land Bank are appointed by the Leelanau County Board of Commissioners, the County exercises effective control over its activities. There are no separately issued financial statements for the Land Bank.

Regional Joint Operations

The County participates jointly in the operations of the Benzie-Leelanau District Health Department. The financial operations of the Benzie-Leelanau District Health Department are recorded as a component unit of Benzie County. The County's appropriation to the Benzie-Leelanau District Health Department for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$338,271.

The County participates in the operation of the Northwest Michigan Regional Airport Commission with Grand Traverse County. The Airport Commission operates with a separate treasurer. Separate financial statements for the Airport Commission are available from the Northwest Michigan Regional Airport Commission, Cherry Capital Airport Administrative Office, Traverse City, MI 49684.

The County participates jointly in the operations of the Grand Traverse County 86th District Court and 13th Circuit Court, including the Friend of the Count. The financial operations of the courts are reported in the financial statements of Grand Traverse County. Leelanau County provides financial support of the Friend of the Court through an appropriation, which amounted to \$38,170 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The Senior Services Special Revenue Fund accounts for the dedicated tax millage and senior services expenditures of the County.

The *Village of Northport Sewer Debt Retirement Fund* accounts for the debt payments made to retire the Northport Village sewer bond issue and the related receivable due from the Village.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Unpledged Delinquent Tax Revolving (DTR) Fund* accounts for the County's administration and collection of delinquent real property taxes for all taxing units in Leelanau County.

The Building Inspection Fund accounts for the County's building inspection fees and related services.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Enterprise Funds account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Internal Service Funds account for the fleet and equipment management, building and grounds, data processing, copy machine, mailing department, and insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Notes to Financial Statements

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in a custodial capacity (such as taxes collected for other governments).

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Custodial funds, a type of fiduciary fund, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or within one year for reimbursement based grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and as such have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. The General Fund provides certain central services to other funds of the County which are presented as program expenses in the funds receiving services. The related General Fund revenue has been netted against program expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

Restricted net position are assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the government's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments (except those with a fluctuating per share value).

Investments are stated at fair value, which is determined as follows: (a) short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value; (b) securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates; (c) investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of the governing body, with the assistance of a valuation service; and (d) cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts which reasonably approximates fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government and component units (excluding the Road Commission) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Infrastructure	8-50
Building and improvements	5-30
Land improvements	5-30
Towers	40
Equipment	3-10
Vehicles	2-5
Office furniture	3-10

Assets Held for Resale

Assets held for resale consist of parcels of land held by the County resulting from tax foreclosed properties.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County reports deferred outflows of resources related to its pension plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Compensated Absences

County employees are granted vacation hours on their anniversary date of hire. The number of hours is dependent upon years of service. Unused vacation hours are accrued at fiscal year-end. Upon termination an employee may be paid for unused vacation up to a maximum of 240 hours. All vacation and personal leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the current period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period. The County reports deferred inflows of resources for the gain on advance bond refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, from several sources: loans receivable, leases receivable, property taxes and interest receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements for property taxes levied during the year that were intended to finance future periods. The County also reports deferred inflows of resources related to its pension plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balance* is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners (the government's highest level of decision-making authority). A formal resolution of the Board of Commissioners is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The County reports *assigned fund balance* when applicable for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the County Administrator or his/her designee. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

The County Board of Commissioners has formally established a budget stabilization arrangement under which it commits General Fund fund balance in an amount equal to the lessor of 15 percent of the prior year's General Fund fund balance or the average of the last five year's General Fund budgets to insulate County programs and current service levels from large (\$400,000 or more) and unanticipated one time General Fund expenditure requirements, reductions in budgeted General Fund revenues due to a change in state or federal requirements, adverse litigation, catastrophic loss, or any similar swift unforeseen event. This commitment may be used if one of the several potential qualifying events occurs (as detailed in a Board of Commissioners resolution), the County Commissioners estimates the qualifying event will cost \$400,000 or more, and the Board of Commissioners, by majority vote of members present, affirms the qualifying event. As of December 31, 2021, the balance in the stabilization arrangement was \$1,215,757.

The County Board of Commissioners has adopted a minimum fund balance policy in which the total unassigned fund balance of the General Fund will be equal to at least 10 percent of the current year's adopted General Fund budgeted expenditures and transfers out. If the General Fund fund balance falls below the minimum range, the County will replenish shortages or deficiencies using budget strategies and timeframes as detailed in the policy.

When the government incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the government's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. During the November board meeting of each year, the Board of Commissioners adopts, by resolution, the budget for the next fiscal year.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing board for the general and special revenue funds is the activity and function level, respectively, which is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. The County Administrator may make transfers of appropriations between departments within any funds; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require Board of Commissioner's resolution.

Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount budgeted. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the County had no expenditures in budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of December 31, 2021:

	G	Primary overnment	Component Units		Totals
Statement of net position Cash and investments Statement of fiduciary net	\$	23,356,304	\$	1,502,333	\$ 24,858,637
position Cash and investments		684,087		-	 684,087
Total	\$	24,040,391	\$	1,502,333	\$ 25,542,724
Deposits and investments Cash on hand Checking and savings accounts Certificates of deposit:					\$ 1,027 19,072,307
Due in one to five years Investments					500,925 5,968,465
Total					\$ 25,542,724

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the County does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$18,802,370 of the combined bank balance of \$19,771,461 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The County believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the County evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits County funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are unsecured, unregistered or held by a counterparty or its agency but not in the government's name. All investments are held in the name of the County, and thus are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

Following is a summary of the County's investments as of December 31, 2021:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Maturity
U.S. Government Bonds U.S. Government Bonds U.S. Government Bonds	\$ 996,620 132,959 498,020	S&P AA+ S&P AA+ S&P AA+	2/18/2025 11/30/2023 4/28/2026
Municipal Bond Michigan CLASS government investment pool Total	99,633 4,241,233 \$ 5,968,465	Moody Aa1 S&P AAAm	5/1/2023 N/A

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments in the accounting policies. The County's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. Credit risk ratings, where applicable, have been identified above for the County's investments.

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the accounting policies. The County's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Maturities of investments, where applicable, have been identified above for the County's investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments in the accounting policies. The County's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year end are reported above.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair Value Measurements. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to Financial Statements

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021:

	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total
U.S. government bonds Municipal bonds	\$	- -	\$	1,627,599 99,633	\$	- -	\$	1,627,599 99,633
Total	\$	-	\$	1,727,232	\$	-	ı	1,727,232
Investments at net asset value - Michigan CLASS								4,241,233
Total							\$	5,968,465

The County's investments at fair value are classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, which use one of the following valuation techniques depending on the investment: a) traditional net asset valuation (dividing the asset value by the number of units owned), b) matrix pricing technique (relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities instead of exclusively on quoted prices for specific securities), or c) quoted market prices for similar assets in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

The County holds shares in Michigan CLASS government investment pool whereby the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

At year end, the net asset value of the County's investment in Michigan CLASS government investment pool was \$4,241,233. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments, specific redemption frequency or redemption notice period required. The Michigan CLASS government investment pool invests in U.S. treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated 'A-1' or better) collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by Treasuries and agencies), and approved money-market funds. The program seeks to provide safety, liquidity, convenience, and competitive rates of return, and is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statutes and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities and other public agencies.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Receivables are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities		_ = 0.0111200		Co	omponent Units
Accounts	\$	152,822	\$	-	\$	154,590
Loans		530,915		-		_
Taxes		2,256,721		960,880		1,455,560
Leases		5,155,000		-		-
Interest		22,467		128,686		-
Due from other governments		181,603		530		1,139,188
	\$	8,299,528	\$	1,090,096	\$	2,749,338

Leases receivable from local units of government in the governmental activities are due from the Village of Northport. The terms of the leases, which relate to sewer systems financed by the County on behalf of the Village, match the debt maturity requirements of the related bonds. At year end, the County reported leases receivable in governmental activities of \$5,155,000, of which \$4,455,000 is not expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Resources intended to provide financing for a subsequent period are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.

			S	ubsequent Years'	
	Uı	navailable	F	Resources	Total
Governmental funds					
Property taxes receivable	\$	294,666	\$	=	\$ 294,666
Loans receivable		530,915		-	530,915
Leases and interest receivable		5,175,942		-	5,175,942
Property taxes levied to finance					
subsequent years' operations	_	-		2,059,321	2,059,321
	\$	6,001,523	\$	2,059,321	\$ 8,060,844

Notes to Financial Statements

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		• •	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued interest Due to other governments	\$	1,029,371 291,214 30,007	\$	11,071 18,497 - 26,387	\$	174,382 53,940 -
	\$	1,350,592	\$	55,955	\$	228,322

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Advances to and from primary government funds and component units

	Advances from Primary Government		 vances to mponent Units
General Fund Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	\$	90,000	\$ 90,000
	\$	90,000	\$ 90,000

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2021, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund Senior Services Special Revenue Fund	\$ 1,395,059 -	\$ 709,457 78,418
Nonmajor governmental funds	1,232,564	1,610,402
Unpledged Delinquent Tax		
Revolving Fund	-	130,500
Building Inspection Fund	-	99,251
Nonmajor enterprise funds	-	24,595
Internal service funds	25,000	_
	\$ 2,652,623	\$ 2,652,623

Interfund transfers are for: (1) using unassigned revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, (2) to transfer funds for reimbursement of administration expense earned in the CDBG Repayment and Home Funds to the CDBG Administration Fund, and (3) to transfer property taxes as required by State of Michigan Public Act 357 of 2004.

Notes to Financial Statements

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depre	ciated:				
Land	\$ 1,305,276	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,305,276
Construction in progress	82,629	15,935	-	(84,954)	13,610
	1,387,905	15,935	-	(84,954)	1,318,886
Capital assets being depreciate	ed:				
Infrastructure	4,066,557	-	-	-	4,066,557
Buildings and improvements	22,250,739	82,669	-	-	22,333,408
Land improvements	1,331,844	28,718	-	-	1,360,562
Towers	1,708,423	-	-	-	1,708,423
Equipment	5,152,538	273,133	-	84,954	5,510,625
Vehicles	1,441,567	124,332	(180,107)	-	1,385,792
Office furniture	545,663	38,659			584,322
	36,497,331	547,511	(180,107)	84,954	36,949,689
Less accumulated depreciation	n for:				
Infrastructure	(2,031,361)	(143,987)	-	-	(2,175,348)
Buildings and improvements	(9,395,974)	(953,545)	-	-	(10,349,519)
Land improvements	(101,968)	(243,324)	-	-	(345,292)
Towers	(907,872)	(56,425)	-	-	(964,297)
Equipment	(2,879,717)	(529,530)	-	-	(3,409,247)
Vehicles	(1,128,937)	(126,601)	180,107	-	(1,075,431)
Office furniture	(490,839)	(25,342)			(516,181)
	(16,936,668)	(2,078,754)	180,107		(18,835,315)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	19,560,663	(1,531,243)		84,954	18,114,374
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 20,948,568	\$ (1,515,308)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,433,260

Notes to Financial Statements

General government

Recreation and cultural

Public safety

Public works

Depreciation of governmental activities by function

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

\$

973,551

786,573

136,983

26,527

Internal service funds		155,120		
		¢ 2.079.754		
		\$ 2,078,754		
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Component Unit - Road Commission				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 37,276	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,276
Infrastructure - land improvements	17,062,442	387,315		17,449,757
	17,099,718	387,315		17,487,033
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	52,064	_	_	52,064
Buildings	2,018,407	25,945	-	2,044,352
Road equipment	12,454,089	939,439	(590,635)	12,802,893
Shop equipment	151,362	34,818	-	186,180
Office equipment	10,730	-	-	10,730
Engineering equipment	27,210	-	=	27,210
Yard and storage	601,188	-	-	601,188
Infrastructure - roads	34,540,570	1,909,485	(3,295,529)	33,154,526
	49,855,620	2,909,687	(3,886,164)	48,879,143
Loss assumulated depresiation for				
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements	(52,064)			(52,064)
Buildings	(1,100,250)	(67,792)	_	(1,168,042)
Road equipment	(9,868,406)	(892,760)	590,635	(10,170,531)
Shop equipment	(147,314)	(3,978)	-	(151,292)
Office equipment	(6,037)	(2,155)	_	(8,192)
Engineering equipment	(21,691)	(1,409)	-	(23,100)
Yard and storage	(511,809)	(12,155)	_	(523,964)
Infrastructure - roads	(18,768,674)	(1,562,252)	3,295,529	(17,035,397)
	(30,476,245)	(2,542,501)	3,886,164	(29,132,582)
Total capital assets	(, -,,-	(,- ,	-,,	(-, - ,)
being depreciated, net	19,379,375	367,186		19,746,561
Component Unit - Road Commission				
capital assets, net	\$ 36,479,093	\$ 754,501	\$ -	\$ 37,233,594

Notes to Financial Statements

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Public placement \$13,290,000 sewage disposal bonds due in annual installments of \$565,000 to \$775,000 through April 1, 2028, interest at 1.625%.	\$ 5,845,000	\$ -	\$ (690,000)	\$ 5,155,000	\$ 700,000
\$5,360,000 law enforcement bonds due in annual installments of \$270,000 to \$455,000 through June 1, 2027, at interest ranging from 2% to 4%.	2,905,000	-	(2,905,000)	-	-
\$2,600,000 law enforcement 2 refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$415,000 to \$455,000 through June 1, 2027, at interest of 1.38%		2,600,000	<u>-</u>	2,600,000	415,000
	8,750,000	2,600,000	(3,595,000)	7,755,000	1,115,000
Direct placement \$2,498,950 equipment capital lease due in annual installments of \$230,836 to \$270,986 through September 15, 2026,	n				
interest at 1.86%.	1,553,470		(247,131)	1,306,339	251,728
Total installment debt	10,303,470	2,600,000	(3,842,131)	9,061,339	1,366,728
Bond premiums	154,042	-	(154,042)	-	-
Compensated absences	424,084	540,048	(558,694)	405,438	405,438
	\$ 10,881,596	\$ 3,140,048	\$ (4,554,867)	\$ 9,466,777	\$ 1,772,166

Notes to Financial Statements

	 nning ance	Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Business-type Activities Compensated absences	\$ 17,051	\$	20,615	\$	(17,051)	\$	20,615	\$	20,615

Component Unit -

Brownfield Redevelopment

Authority

\$473,111 note payable due in annual installments (beginning in 2019) of \$41,395, including interest at 2.0%, through June 2033

through June 2033 \$ 314,828 \$ - \$ (24,213) \$ 290,615 \$ 24,273

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities - Public Placement					
Year Ended December 31,	Principal			Interest	
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2028	\$	1,115,000 1,110,000 1,165,000 1,185,000 1,205,000 1,975,000	\$	111,098 94,018 76,563 58,560 40,249 28,102	
	\$	7,755,000	\$	408,590	

Governmental Activities - Direct Placement						
Year Ended		Duin sin al		I		
December 31,		Principal		Interest		
2022	\$	251,728	\$	24,298		
2023		256,410		19,616		
2024		261,179		14,847		
2025		266,037		9,989		
2026		270,985		5,041		
		_				
	\$	1,306,339	\$	73,791		

Notes to Financial Statements

Component Unit						
Year Ended December 31,	Principal Inter		Interest			
2022	\$	24,273	\$	727		
2023		24,334		666		
2024		24,395		605		
2025		24,456		544		
2026		24,517		483		
2027-2031		123,507		1,493		
2032-2033		45,133		162		
		_				
	\$	290,615	\$	4,680		

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Refunded Debt

The County issued \$2.6 million of 2021 Law Enforcement Refunding Bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an escrow fund for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$2.535 million of the 2012 Law Enforcement Bonds. The refunding resulted in a savings of \$113,195 and an economic gain of \$109,726.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The County participates as a member in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is a municipal self-insurance entity operating pursuant to the State of Michigan Public Act 138 of 1982. The purpose of the Authority is to administer a risk management fund, which provides members with loss protection for general and auto liability, motor vehicle physical damage and property.

The Authority has entered into reinsurance agreements providing for loss coverage in excess of the amounts to be retained by the Authority and individual members. The County's member maximum retention on general liability is \$75,000 per occurrence and \$145,000 per policy year. The limits on auto physical damage are \$15,000 per unit and \$30,000 per occurrence. The retention limits for property and crime coverage are subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence with 10 percent of the first \$100,000 to be paid by the member. The Authority administers all claims and provides the County quarterly activity statements that are used to estimate the liability for unpaid claims.

Notes to Financial Statements

In the event a reinsurance company does not meet its obligation to the Authority, responsibility for payment of any unreimbursed claims will be that of the Authority Reinsurance Fund.

The Authority has retained certain levels of risk rather than obtaining coverage through reinsurance agreements. The Authority established the Authority Reinsurance Fund in order to participate in the reinsurance agreements. Individual members are provided the same level of coverage previously afforded through a combination of the reinsurance agreements and the Reinsurance Fund.

In addition, the Authority purchases insurance for certain risks not covered by the reinsurance agreements. The reinsurance agreements discussed above include provisions for minimum annual premiums. As of December 31, 2021, the Authority had met the minimum requirements. The County reports the activity and its share of the Reinsurance Fund in an internal service fund.

The County has transferred the risk of loss for workers' compensation and health insurance via the purchase of commercial insurance policies. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the balances of estimated liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	2021	2020
Workers compensation Estimated liability, January 1 Estimated claims incurred, including	\$ 86,052	\$ 90,541
changes in estimates Claim payments	 65,976 (36,238)	15,803 (20,292)
Estimated liability, December 31	\$ 115,790	\$ 86,052

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are lawsuits pending in which the County is involved. The County estimates that the potential claims against the County not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the County.

The County participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements

The County is a defendant in litigation related to provisions of the Michigan General Property Tax Act and surplus proceeds generated through the auction of property tax-foreclosed properties under the statute, with similarly situated counties in the state. Proceedings are currently stayed while an appeal pending in the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals is heard. The County may be required to repay in the future some portion of the surplus from previous years proceeds to former owners of property tax-foreclosed properties for the tax-foreclosed property dispositions. As of December 31, 2021, the County is not able to reasonably estimate this potential liability. Accordingly, no amounts for this potential liability have been recognized in the County's financial statements.

11. PROPERTY TAXES

Prior to 2005, the County property taxes were levied on December 1 of each year (the lien date) and were due in full by March 1 of the year following the levy, at which time uncollected taxes became delinquent. Pursuant to Public Act 357 of 2004, which provides a funding mechanism to replace state revenue sharing payments to counties, the County's levy date gradually shifted from December 1 to July 1 of each year. As such, for the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized the full July 1, 2021 levy.

Property taxes are levied on the assessed taxable value of the property as established by local units, accepted by the County and equalized under State statute at approximately 50% of the current estimated market value. In March 1994, Michigan voters approved Proposal A, which limits annual increases in assessed values to the lesser of 5% or the rate of inflation with assessed value reverting to 50% of true cash value when the property is sold.

The taxable value of real and personal property for 2021, for which revenue was recognized in the General Fund, was approximately \$3.1 billion. The general operating tax rate for this levy was 3.3986 mills. The taxable value of real and personal property for 2020, for which revenue was recognized in all other funds, was approximately \$3.0 billion. The tax rate for that voted levy was 0.32 mills for Senior Services and 0.251 mills for Early Childhood.

By agreement with various taxing authorities, the County purchases at face value the real property taxes returned delinquent each March 1 and records a corresponding delinquent taxes receivable.

12. PENSION PLANS

Primary Government

General Information About the Plan

Plan Description. The County's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The County participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Notes to Financial Statements

Benefits Provided. Pension benefits vary by division/bargaining unit and are calculated as final average compensation (based on a 5 year period) and multipliers ranging from 2.0% to 2.5%. Participants are considered to be fully vested in the plan after 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement options available for certain bargaining units.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the December 31, 2020 valuation date, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	99
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	66
Active employees	111
Total membership	276

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. In addition, the employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer and employee contribution amounts or rates, by division/bargaining unit, were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2021:

Division/Bargaining Unit	Status	Employer Contribution Rate	Employee Contribution Rate	
General	Closed	\$ 11,240	3.50%	
POAM	Closed	14,758	2.92%	
Non-Union	Closed	19,918	0.00%	
COAM	Closed	11,691	2.92%	
Non-Union hired after 3/1/2012	Open	7.77%	2.00%	

Net Pension Liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return 7.35%, net of investment and administrative

expense including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements

The base mortality tables used are constructed as described below and are based on amount weighted sex distinct rates:

- Pre-retirement mortality based on 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, 100% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-80, and 100% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for ages 81-120
- Non-disabled retired plan members and beneficiaries mortality based on 106% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, 106% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-49, and 106% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for ages 50-120
- Disabled retired plan members mortality based on 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, and 100% of PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Tables for ages 18-120

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2014-2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Clabal aquity	60.00%	5.25%	3.15%
Global equity			
Global fixed income	20.00%	1.25%	0.25%
Private investments	20.00%	7.25%	1.45%
	100.00%		
Inflation			2.50%
Administrative expenses netted above			0.25%
Investment rate of return			7.60%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021 was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	To	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		N	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	32,341,445	\$	29,363,014	\$	2,978,431
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		617,204		-		617,204
Interest		2,410,462		-		2,410,462
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		189,999		-		189,999
Changes in assumptions		1,154,841		-		1,154,841
Employer contributions		-		1,433,784		(1,433,784)
Employee contributions		-		206,418		(206,418)
Net investment income		-		4,127,831		(4,127,831)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(1,866,877)		(1,866,877)		-
Administrative expense		-		(47,324)		47,324
Other changes		(35,319)		-		(35,319)
Net changes		2,470,310		3,853,832		(1,383,522)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	34,811,755	\$	33,216,846	\$	1,594,909

Changes in assumptions. A 5-year experience study analyzing historical experience from 2013 through 2018 was completed in February 2020. In addition to changes to the economic assumptions which took effect with the fiscal year 2021 contribution rates, the experience study recommended updated demographic assumptions, including adjustments to the following actuarial assumptions: mortality, retirement, disability, and termination rates.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.6%) or 1% higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.6%)	Current count Rate (7.6%)	1	% Increase (8.6%)
on liability (asset)	\$	5,487,113	\$ 1,594,909	\$	(1,690,596)

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued plan financial statements.

For the governmental activities, the net pension liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$515,859. The County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflows of		Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	126,666 1,211,752	\$	216,883 -	\$	(90,217) 1,211,752
earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,303,992		(2,303,992)
Total	\$	1,338,418	\$	2,520,875	\$	(1,182,457)

Amounts reported as pension-related deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Amount				
2022 2023	\$	163,535 (304,887)			
2024 2025		(659,775) (381,330)			
	\$	(1,182,457)			

Payable to the Pension Plan. At December 31, 2021, the County had no amounts outstanding payable to the pension plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Defined Contribution Plan

The County offers a money purchase pension plan, the Leelanau County Money Purchase Pension Plan 401(a), in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), to all regular and grant full-time employees who have been employed for at least two years. The Plan, which was closed to new hires effective January 1, 2015, is administered by PEBSCO. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by Leelanau County. The County matches 100% of employee contributions to their Section 457 deferred compensation account, ranging from a minimum of \$300 to a maximum of \$1,000 depending on the employees' years of service. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County contributed \$23,000 based on the employee contributions into their Section 457 accounts. The Plan is not considered a fiduciary activity of the County under GASB Statement No. 84.

Road Commission

General Information About the Plan

Plan Description. The Road Commission's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Road Commission participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided. Pension benefits are calculated as final average compensation (based on a 5 year period) and multipliers at 2.0%. Participants are considered to be fully vested in the plan after 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at age 50 with 25 years of service or age 55 with 15 years of service. The plan is closed to new entrants.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the December 31, 2020 valuation date, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	36
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	10
Total membership	62

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. In addition, the employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. Monthly required employer contributions were \$11,374 during the year ended December 31, 2021, while employees contributed 4.0% to the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Net Pension Asset. The Road Commission's net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return 7.35%, net of investment and administrative

expense including inflation

The base mortality tables used are constructed as described below and are based on amount weighted sex distinct rates:

- Pre-retirement mortality based on 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, 100% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-80, and 100% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for ages 81-120
- Non-disabled retired plan members and beneficiaries mortality based on 106% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, 106% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-49, and 106% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for ages 50-120
- Disabled retired plan members mortality based on 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, and 100% of PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Tables for ages 18-120

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2014-2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Clabel en 11	60.00%	5.25%	2.450/
Global equity	60.00%	5.25%	3.15%
Global fixed income	20.00%	1.25%	0.25%
Private investments	20.00%	7.25%	1.45%
	100.0%		
Inflation			2.50%
Administrative expenses netted above			0.25%
Investment rate of return			7.60%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021 was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The components of the change in the net pension liability (asset) are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Liability (Asse	
		(a)	(b)			(a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	8,156,950	\$	8,312,232	\$	(155,282)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		41,551		-		41,551
Interest	597,879			-		597,879
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		69,882		-		69,882
Changes in assumptions	148,779		-			148,779
Employer contributions		-		258,708		(258,708)
Employee contributions		-		18,550		(18,550)
Net investment income	-			1,148,640		(1,148,640)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(621,797)		(621,797)		-
Administrative expense	-			(13,203)		13,203
Other changes	5,120		-			5,120
Net changes		241,414		790,898		(549,484)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	8,398,364	\$	9,103,130	\$	(704,766)

Changes in assumptions. A 5-year experience study analyzing historical experience from 2013 through 2018 was completed in February 2020. In addition to changes to the economic assumptions which took effect with the fiscal year 2021 contribution rates, the experience study recommended updated demographic assumptions, including adjustments to the following actuarial assumptions: mortality, retirement, disability, and termination rates.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Road Commission, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the Road Commission's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.6%) or 1% higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.6%)		Current count Rate (7.6%)	1	% Increase (8.6%)
Road Commission's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 86,541	\$	(704,766)	\$	(1,387,115)

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued plan financial statements.

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Road Commission recognized pension expense of \$81,378. The Road Commission reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments

\$ (647,705)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (102,829) (254,718) (184,058) (106,100)
Total	\$ (647,705)

Payable to the Pension Plan. At December 31, 2021, the Road Commission had no amounts outstanding payable to the pension plan.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Road Commission's defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits for all employees. New employees are added to the defined contribution plan upon hire and previous employees have the option to participate in the Plan. Employees vest immediately upon contribution. Plan members are required to contribute 4% of their annual salary. The Road Commission contributes a matching percentage. Employer and employee contributions were each \$42,771 for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Plan is administered by MERS, and is not considered a fiduciary activity under GASB Statement No. 84.

Notes to Financial Statements

13. OPERATING LEASES - LESSOR

The County has entered into operating lease agreements with several lessees for space on County-owned communication towers. The parties have agreed to various lengths of rental agreements, which all contain a right to renewal. Payment on lease rentals is dependent on the location of the antenna on the tower. Total rental income for 2021 amounted to \$341,079.

The following is a summary of the minimum lease rental revenue for the remainder of the leases:

Year Ended December 31,	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 367,260 376,767 386,551 396,619
	\$ 1,527,197

Notes to Financial Statements

14. FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The County reports fund balance in governmental funds based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Detailed information on fund balances of governmental funds is as follows:

	General Fund	Senior Services	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:				
Prepaids	\$ 38,590	\$ 264	\$ 15,943	\$ 54,797
Long-term advances	90,000	-	-	90,000
	128,590	264	15,943	144,797
Restricted for:				
Revenue sharing reserve	-	-	36,543	36,543
ROD automation	-	-	120,100	120,100
Inmate housing	-	-	225,269	225,269
911 Wireless	-	-	73,517	73,517
Training	=	-	46,815	46,815
Indigent defense	=	-	159,210	159,210
Gaming revenue	=	-	8,603	8,603
Communication towers	=	=	575,128	575,128
Recycling	-	-	374,392	374,392
Mapping	-	-	28,534	28,534
Concealed pistol licenses	-	-	43,578	43,578
CDBG administration	-	-	22,028	22,028
CDBG rehabilitation	-	-	29,885	29,885
CDBG repayment	=	=	187,885	187,885
HOME	=	=	10,000	10,000
Senior services	=	864,601	=	864,601
Early childhood	-		325,576	325,576
Communications	=	=	185,184	185,184
Drain revolving	-	-	3,074	3,074
Brewery Creek drain	=	=	3,547	3,547
	-	864,601	2,458,868	3,323,469

Notes to Financial Statements

	General Fund	Senior Services	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total		
Committed for:						
Capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,707	\$	88,707	
Veterans campus maintenance	_	-	4,474		4,474	
Law enforcement	 -	-	52,823		52,823	
	=	-	146,004		146,004	
Unassigned	 9,322,192		 		9,322,192	
Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$ 9,450,782	\$ 864,865	\$ 2,620,815	\$	12,936,462	

15. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of the net investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2021, was as follows:

		nmental vities	C	omponent Units
Capital assets: Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	18,	318,886 114,374 433,260	\$	17,487,033 19,746,561 37,233,594
Related debt: Bonds and capital leases payable Deferred gain on refunding Less bonds payable related to leases receivable	(5,	061,339 40,772 155,000) 947,111		- - - -
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,	486,149	\$	37,233,594

16. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. The pandemic has resulted operational challenges for the County as it determines the impact on employees, vendors, and taxpayers, and the appropriate method for providing services. At this time, management does not believe that any ongoing negative financial impact related to the pandemic, if any, would be material to the County.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Primary Government Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended December 31,							
		2021		2020		2019		
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	617,204	\$	636,530	\$	614,803		
Interest		2,410,462		2,263,648		2,320,901		
Changes in benefit terms		-		(8,220)		(14,556)		
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		189,999		(186,945)		(493,637)		
Changes of assumptions		1,154,841		883,718		-		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(1,866,877)		(1,663,574)		(1,550,819)		
Other changes		(35,319)		117,923		(57,596)		
Net change in total pension liability		2,470,310		2,043,080		819,096		
Total pension liability, beginning of year		32,341,445		30,298,365		29,479,269		
Total pension liability, end of year		34,811,755		32,341,445		30,298,365		
Plan fiduciary net position								
Employer contributions		1,433,784		1,135,144		1,028,673		
Employee contributions		206,418		177,633		111,720		
Net investment income (loss)		4,127,831		3,382,119		3,210,495		
Benefit payments, including refunds		, ,		-,,		-, -,		
of employee contributions		(1,866,877)		(1,663,574)		(1,550,819)		
Administrative expense		(47,324)		(53,170)		(55,239)		
Net change in plan fiduciary		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				· · · ·		
net position		3,853,832		2,978,152		2,744,830		
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		29,363,014		26,384,862		23,640,032		
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year		33,216,846		29,363,014		26,384,862		
County's net pension liability	\$	1,594,909	\$	2,978,431	\$	3,913,503		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		95.4%		90.8%		87.1%		
Covered payroll	\$	6,323,139	\$	6,195,268	\$	6,051,170		
· ·	,	-,,3	·	-,,	r	-, -,		
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		25.2%		48.1%		64.7%		

See notes to required supplementary information.

Year Ended December 31,												
2018		2017		2016		2015						
\$ 568,219	\$	563,173	\$	543,226	\$	509,322						
2,236,383		2,194,209		2,021,067		1,927,081						
-		-		-		-						
(104,311)		(672,312)		614,574		-						
-		-		1,253,143		-						
(1,532,396)		(1,471,441)		(1,338,945)		(1,267,146)						
 (125,502)		(58,504)		(106,961)		(11,078)						
1,042,393		555,125		2,986,104		1,158,179						
28,436,876		27,881,751		24,895,647		23,737,468						
29,479,269		28,436,876		27,881,751		24,895,647						
23) 173)203		20, 100,070		27,001,731		2 1,033,0 17						
1,327,216		1,471,798		1,637,142		1,767,785						
141,405		69,384		61,611		81,073						
(984,692)		2,913,289		2,220,227		(296,090)						
(1,532,396)		(1,471,441)		(1,338,945)		(1,267,146)						
(48,121)		(46,046)		(43,809)		(42,516)						
(1,096,588)		2,936,984		2,536,226		243,106						
24,736,620		21,799,636		19,263,410		19,020,304						
23,640,032		24,736,620		21,799,636		19,263,410						
\$ 5,839,237	\$	3,700,256	\$	6,082,115	\$	5,632,237						
80.2%		87.0%		78.2%		77.4%						
\$ 5,801,628	\$	5,546,413	\$	5,246,995	\$	4,945,090						
100.6%		66.7%		115.9%		113.9%						

Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Primary Government Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		to the ially Contributi ined Deficienc			Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
	_		_			(========	_		
2021	\$	933,784	\$	1,433,784	\$	(500,000)	\$	6,323,139	22.7%
2020		785,144		1,135,144		(350,000)		6,195,268	18.3%
2019		778,673		1,028,673		(250,000)		6,051,170	17.0%
2018		817,216		1,327,216		(510,000)		5,801,628	22.9%
2017		796,798		1,471,798		(675,000)		5,546,413	26.5%
2016		737,142		1,637,142		(900,000)		5,246,995	31.2%
2015		770,986		1,767,785		(996,799)		4,945,090	35.7%

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Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Road Commission Schedule of Changes in the Road Commission's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	Yea	r End	ed December	31,	
	2021		2020		2019
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 41,551	\$	54,944	\$	68,404
Interest	597,879		570,287		594,840
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	69,882		93,371		(40,985)
Changes of assumptions	148,779		233,994		-
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(621,797)		(557,063)		(498,590)
Other changes	 5,120		6,581		(19,432)
Net change in total pension liability	241,414		402,114		104,237
Total pension liability, beginning of year	 8,156,950		7,754,836		7,650,599
Total pension liability, end of year	 8,398,364		8,156,950		7,754,836
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions	258,708		750,000		600,000
Employee contributions	18,550		25,117		30,146
Net investment income (loss)	1,148,640		942,181		853,664
Benefit payments, including refunds			-		•
of employee contributions	(621,797)		(557,063)		(498,590)
Administrative expense	(13,203)		(14,596)		(14,728)
Net change in plan fiduciary	•		· · · · ·		, , ,
net position	790,898		1,145,639		970,492
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	8,312,232		7,166,593		6,196,101
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	9,103,130		8,312,232		7,166,593
Road Commission's net pension liability (asset)	\$ (704,766)	\$	(155,282)	\$	588,243
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	108.4%		101.9%		92.4%
Covered payroll	\$ 463,750	\$	627,925	\$	753,650
Road Commission's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-152.0%		-24.7%		78.1%

See notes to required supplementary information.

	Year Ended D	ecer	mber 31,	
2018	2017		2016	2015
\$ 75,638	\$ 87,575	\$	101,926	\$ 98,043
588,250	581,951		538,670	516,891
(04.554)	(4.45.676)		144 554	
(94,551)	(145,676)		144,554 359,724	-
-	_		359,724	-
(428,935)	(371,949)		(333,051)	(295,302)
(19,578)	(38,702)		(40,145)	(38,703)
 120,824	113,199		771,678	280,929
 7,529,775	 7,416,576		6,644,898	 6,363,969
7 (50 500	7 520 775		7 410 570	C C44 000
 7,650,599	 7,529,775		7,416,576	 6,644,898
630,000	582,000		486,000	473,484
34,603	38,677		43,676	49,761
(252,496)	709,362		527,239	(67,576)
(428,935)	(371,949)		(333,051)	(295,302)
 (12,244)	 (11,195)		(10,399)	 (9,827)
(29,072)	946,895		713,465	150,540
(23,072)	940,693		713,403	130,340
6,225,173	5,278,278		4,564,813	4,414,273
6,196,101	6,225,173		5,278,278	 4,564,813
4 454 400	4 204 602		2 422 222	2 200 205
\$ 1,454,498	\$ 1,304,602	\$	2,138,298	\$ 2,080,085
81.0%	82.7%		71.2%	68.7%
31.070	02.770		, 1,2/0	00.770
\$ 874,715	\$ 966,929	\$	1,197,106	\$ 1,153,314
166.3%	134.9%		178.6%	180.4%

Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Road Commission Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	in F the De	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2021	\$	136,488	\$	258,708	\$	(122,220)	\$	463,750	55.8%
2020		128,196		750,000		(621,804)		627,925	119.4%
2019		150,504		600,000		(449,496)		753,650	79.6%
2018		183,732		630,000		(446,268)		874,715	72.0%
2017		214,116		582,000		(367,884)		966,929	60.2%
2016		175,188		486,000		(310,812)		1,197,106	40.6%
2015		323,484		473,484		(150,000)		1,153,314	41.1%

See notes to required supplementary information.

Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 of the preceding year.

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Changes in Assumptions. In 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to the mortality table to reflect longer lifetimes, decreases in the assumed rate of return, and changes in asset smoothing.

In 2020, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from a decrease in the assumed rate of return from 7.75% to 7.35%, and a decrease in the assumed rate of wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.00%.

In 2021, amounts reported as changes of assumptions related to updated demographic assumptions, including adjustments to the following actuarial assumptions: mortality, retirement, disability, and termination rates.

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the

December 31 that is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates (2021, based on the 12/31/2019 actuarial

valuation):

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization

period 20 years for County divisions; 14 years for Road Commission

Asset valuation method 5-year smooth market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return 7.35%, net of investment and administrative expense including inflation

Normal retirement age Age 60

Mortality 50% Female/50% Male blend of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Tables with rates multiplied by 105%, the RP-2014 Employee Mortality

Tables, and the RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 2,435,431	\$	52,823	\$	323,245	\$	2,811,499
Receivables:	, ,	•	·	·	•		
Accounts	93,109		-		-		93,109
Loans	530,915		-		-		530,915
Taxes	922,565		-		-		922,565
Due from other governments	48,682		-		-		48,682
Prepaid items	 1,670				14,273		15,943
Total assets	\$ 4,032,372	\$	52,823	\$	337,518	\$	4,422,713
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 151,254	\$	_	\$	42,733	\$	193,987
Unearned revenue	 8,361	_			<u> </u>		8,361
Total liabilities	159,615				42,733		202,348
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	530,915		-		_		530,915
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	 1,068,635						1,068,635
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,599,550						1,599,550
Fund balances							
Nonspendable	1,670		-		14,273		15,943
Restricted	2,267,063		-		191,805		2,458,868
Committed	 4,474		52,823		88,707		146,004
Total fund balances	 2,273,207		52,823		294,785		2,620,815
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$ 4,032,372	\$	52,823	\$	337,518	\$	4,422,713

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Rev	ecial renue inds		Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 1,	200,606	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,200,606
Intergovernmental	-	266,832	Υ	_	Ψ	31,650	Υ	298,482
Charges for services		614,280		_		-		614,280
Refunds and reimbursements		128,941		-		-		128,941
Interest		3,469		_		13		3,482
Other		188,489				43,400		231,889
Total revenues	2,	402,617				75,063		2,477,680
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		5,811		-		-		5,811
Public safety		308,772		-		-		308,772
Public works		491,468		-		63,037		554,505
Health and welfare		341,615		-		-		341,615
Debt service:								
Principal		-		617,131		-		617,131
Interest and fiscal charges		-		61,314		-		61,314
Bond issuance costs		-		26,520		-		26,520
Capital outlay		-		-		153,903		153,903
Total expenditures	1,	147,666		704,965		216,940		2,069,571
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,	254,951		(704,965)		(141,877)		408,109
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		128,074		730,726		373,764		1,232,564
Transfers out	(1,	334,376)		-		(276,026)		(1,610,402)
Issuance of long-term refunding debt		-		2,600,000		-		2,600,000
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent				(2,572,938)				(2,572,938)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,	206,302)		757,788		97,738		(350,776)
Net change in fund balances		48,649		52,823		(44,139)		57,333
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,	224,558				338,924		2,563,482
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,	273,207	\$	52,823	\$	294,785	\$	2,620,815

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2021

	Inmate Housing	R	ecycling	V	Vireless 911	7	911 Training
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 205,814	\$	435,455	\$	32	\$	30,184
Receivables:							
Accounts	19,748		26,183		31,644		-
Loans	-		-		-		-
Taxes	-		385,827		-		-
Due from other governments	-		-		41,841		6,841
Prepaid items	 		50				1,320
Total assets	\$ 225,562	\$	847,515	\$	73,517	\$	38,345
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 293	\$	25,139	\$	_	\$	-
Unearned revenue	 		<u> </u>				
Total liabilities	293		25,139		-		
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	_		_		_		_
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	-		447,934		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources			447,934				
Fund balances							
Nonspendable	_		50		_		1,320
Restricted	225,269		374,392		73,517		37,025
Committed	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-
Total fund balances	225,269		374,442		73,517		38,345
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 225,562	\$	847,515	\$	73,517	\$	38,345

Ca	eterans ampus ntenance	Au	ROD Itomation	Indigent Defense		Gaming Revenue	Concealed Pistol License		rections raining
\$	4,497	\$	120,100	\$	165,705	\$ 8,603	\$	43,578	\$ 7,470
	-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-	-		-	-
						 			-
\$	4,497	\$	120,100	\$	165,705	\$ 8,603	\$	43,578	\$ 7,470
\$	23 -	\$	- -	\$	6,495 -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ - -
	23				6,495				
	- -		- -		- -	- -		- -	- -
						 <u>-</u>			 -
	-		120,100		- 159,210	- 8,603		- 43,578	- 7,470
	4,474					 			
	4,474		120,100		159,210	 8,603		43,578	 7,470
\$	4,497	\$	120,100	\$	165,705	\$ 8,603	\$	43,578	\$ 7,470

continued...

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2021

	CDBG inistration	CDBG abilitation	Re	CDBG epayment	НОМЕ
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 22,449	\$ 29,885	\$	187,885	\$ 10,000
Receivables:					
Accounts	-	-		-	-
Loans	-	-		530,915	-
Taxes	-	-		-	-
Due from other governments	-	-		-	-
Prepaid items	 	 			
Total assets	\$ 22,449	\$ 29,885	\$	718,800	\$ 10,000
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 421	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Unearned revenue		 -		-	
Total liabilities	421				
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	-	-		530,915	-
Taxes levied for a subsequent period		 		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources				530,915	
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	-	-		107.005	10.000
Restricted Committed	22,028	29,885		187,885	10,000
Committee	 	 -			 -
Total fund balances	 22,028	 29,885		187,885	10,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balances	\$ 22,449	\$ 29,885	\$	718,800	\$ 10,000

C	Early Childhood Fund	Revenue Sharing Reserve		Criminal Justice Training	Con	nmunication Towers	Map Fund		Total
\$	510,342	\$ 36,543	\$	2,320	\$	570,242	\$	44,327	\$ 2,435,431
	- - 536,738	- - -		- - -		15,534 - -		- - -	93,109 530,915 922,565
	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		300	 48,682 1,670
\$	1,047,080	\$ 36,543	\$	2,320	\$	585,776	\$	44,627	\$ 4,032,372
\$	100,803 -	-	\$	- -	\$	2,287 8,361	\$	15,793 -	\$ 151,254 8,361
	100,803					10,648		15,793	 159,615
	- 620,701	-		-		-		-	530,915 1,068,635
	620,701	 -		-		-		-	 1,599,550
	- 325,576 -	- 36,543 -		- 2,320 -		- 575,128 -		300 28,534	1,670 2,267,063 4,474
	325,576	36,543		2,320		575,128		28,834	2,273,207
\$	1,047,080	\$ 36,543	\$	2,320	\$	585,776	\$	44,627	\$ 4,032,372

concluded

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Inmate Housing	Recycling	Wireless 911	911 Training
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 445,386	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	147,348	11,605
Charges for services	63,348	17,169	127,144	-
Refunds and reimbursements	128,691	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Other		32,428		
Total revenues	192,039	494,983	274,492	11,605
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	6,183	-	-	8,644
Public works	-	469,447	-	-
Health and welfare				
Total expenditures	6,183	469,447		8,644
Revenues over (under) expenditures	185,856	25,536	274,492	2,961
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(241,400)	(15,000)	(273,900)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(241,400)	(15,000)	(273,900)	
Net change in fund balances	(55,544)	10,536	592	2,961
Fund balances, beginning of year	280,813	363,906	72,925	35,384
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 225,269	\$ 374,442	\$ 73,517	\$ 38,345

Veterans Campus Maintenance	ROD Automation	Indigent Defense	Gaming Revenue	Concealed Pistol License	Corrections Training
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ - -	\$ - -	۶ - 51,684	5 - 53,696	\$ - -	\$ - -
-	50,295	-	-	11,818	1,848
-	-	250	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
875	· 				
875	50,295	51,934	53,696	11,818	1,848
	F 044				
- 2,613	5,811	- 105,765	- 57,951	- 2,267	2,206
-	-	-	-	-	-,200
2,613	5,811	105,765	57,951	2,267	2,206
(1,738)	44,484	(53,831)	(4,255)	9,551	(358)
2,000	_	52,781	-	-	_
-	(10,222)			(1,880)	
2,000	(10,222)	52,781		(1,880)	
262	34,262	(1,050)	(4,255)	7,671	(358)
4,212	85,838	160,260	12,858	35,907	7,828
\$ 4,474	\$ 120,100	\$ 159,210	\$ 8,603	\$ 43,578	\$ 7,470

continued...

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	CDBG Administration	CDBG Rehabilitation	CDBG Repayment	номе
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	3,340	-
Other			155,186	
Total revenues			158,526	
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	2,991		18,102	
Total expenditures	2,991		18,102	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,991)		140,424	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	31,293	-	-	9,000
Transfers out	(7,000)	(7,732)	(25,561)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	24,293	(7,732)	(25,561)	9,000
Net change in fund balances	21,302	(7,732)	114,863	9,000
Fund balances, beginning of year	726	37,617	73,022	1,000
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 22,028	\$ 29,885	\$ 187,885	\$ 10,000

С	Early hildhood Fund	Revenue Sharing Reserve	Criminal Justice Training	Communication Towers	Map Fund	Total
\$	755,220 -	\$ -	\$ - 2,499	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,200,606 266,832
	- - -	- - 129	- - -	331,900 - -	10,758 - -	614,280 128,941 3,469
	755,220	129	2,499	331,900	10,758	2,402,617
	-	-	- 985 -	- 122,158 -	- - 22,021	5,811 308,772 491,468
	320,522		985	122,158	22,021	341,615 1,147,666
	434,698	129	1,514	209,742	(11,263)	1,254,951
	(109,139)	- (477,542)	-	(165,000)	33,000	128,074 (1,334,376)
	(109,139)	(477,542)		(165,000)	33,000	(1,206,302)
	325,559	(477,413)	1,514	44,742	21,737	48,649
	17	513,956	806	530,386	7,097	2,224,558
\$	325,576	\$ 36,543	\$ 2,320	\$ 575,128	\$ 28,834	\$ 2,273,207

concluded

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2021

	Radio Communication Project	s	aw cement	Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$ -	_ =	\$ 52,823	\$ 52,823
Fund balances Committed	\$ -		\$ 52,823	\$ 52,823

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Com	Radio munications		Law	
		Project	En	forcement	Total
Expenditures Debt service:					
Principal	\$	247,131	\$	370,000	\$ 617,131
Interest and fiscal charges		28,895		32,419	61,314
Bond issuance costs		_		26,520	26,520
Total expenditures		276,026		428,939	704,965
Revenues under expenditures		(276,026)		(428,939)	(704,965)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Issuance of long-term refunding debt Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		276,026 - -		454,700 2,600,000 (2,572,938)	730,726 2,600,000 (2,572,938)
Total other financing sources (uses)		276,026		481,762	757,788
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year		-		52,823	52,823
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	52,823	\$ 52,823

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2021

	Radio Communications Project		Capital Projects Communications			Building Capital Projects
Assets Cash and investments	\$	139,642	\$	45,786	\$	117,536
Prepaid items Total assets		14,273 153,915	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> 45,786	<u> </u>	117,536
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Fund balances	\$	244	\$		\$	42,489
Nonspendable Restricted		14,273 139,398		- 45,786		
Committed Total fund balances		153,671		<u>-</u> 45,786		75,047 75,047
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	153,915	\$	45,786	\$	117,536

R	Drain evolving	Special sessments	Brewery Creek Drain	Total		
\$	3,074 -	\$ 13,660	\$ 3,547	\$	323,245 14,273	
\$	3,074	\$ 13,660	\$ 3,547	\$	337,518	
\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$	42,733	
	-	_	_		14,273	
	3,074	-	3,547		191,805	
	-	13,660	 		88,707	
	3,074	13,660	 3,547		294,785	
\$	3,074	\$ 13,660	\$ 3,547	\$	337,518	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Com	Radio munications Project	F	Capital Projects munications	Building Capital Projects
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	31,650	\$	-	\$ -
Interest		-		-	13
Other		43,400		-	 -
Total revenues		75,050			13
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public works		17,705		-	-
Capital outlay					 153,903
Total expenditures		17,705			153,903
Revenues over (under) expenditures		57,345			 (153,890)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		179,164		-	155,500
Transfers out		(276,026)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(96,862)			 155,500
Net change in fund balances		(39,517)		-	1,610
Fund balances, beginning of year		193,188		45,786	 73,437
Fund balances, end of year	\$	153,671	\$	45,786	\$ 75,047

Drain Revolving	Special Assessments	Brewery Creek Drain	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,650
-	-	-	13 43,400
		-	
			75,063
-	45,332	-	63,037
			153,903
	45,332		216,940
	(45,332)		(141,877)
-	39,100	-	373,764
			(276,026)
	39,100		97,738
-	(6,232)	-	(44,139)
3,074	19,892	3,547	338,924
\$ 3,074	\$ 13,660	\$ 3,547	\$ 294,785

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2021

	Inmate Commissary		Homestead Audit		Treasurer's Tax Reversion		Total
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	11,631	\$	43,324	\$	389,779	\$ 444,734
Receivables:							
Delinquent taxes		-		26,370		-	26,370
Due from other governments		-		530		-	530
Prepaid items		50					 50
Total assets (all current)		11,681		70,224		389,779	471,684
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		-		150		6,675	6,825
Due to other governments				26,369		-	 26,369
Total liabilities (all current)				26,519		6,675	 33,194
Net position							
Unrestricted	\$	11,681	\$	43,705	\$	383,104	\$ 438,490

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses

and Change in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Inmate Commissary		Homestead Audit	Treasurer's Tax Reversion		Total
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$	3,080	\$ 16,198	\$	95,634	\$ 114,912
Operating expenses Other operating expenses		7,039	10,207		34,893	52,139
Operating income (loss) before transfers		(3,959)	5,991		60,741	62,773
Transfers Transfers out			(24,595)			 (24,595)
Change in net position		(3,959)	(18,604)		60,741	38,178
Net position, beginning of year		15,640	62,309		322,363	400,312
Net position, end of year	\$	11,681	\$ 43,705	\$	383,104	\$ 438,490

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		nmate nmissary	Н	omestead Audit		Treasurer's Tax Reversion		Total
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash receipts from customers	\$	7,179	\$	28,813	\$	95,634	\$	131,626
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	Y	(7,089)	Y	(22,778)	Y	(31,846)	Y	(61,713)
cash payments to supplies to goods and so mees		(1,003)		(22,770)		(31,810)		(01), 13)
Net cash provided by operating activities		90		6,035		63,788		69,913
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfers out		-		(24,595)		_		(24,595)
		_						
Net change in cash and investments		90		(18,560)		63,788		45,318
Cash and investments, beginning of year		11,541		61,884		325,991		399,416
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	11,631	\$	43,324	\$	389,779	\$	444,734
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Changes in operating assets and liabilities	\$	(3,959)	\$	5,991	\$	60,741	\$	62,773
which provided (used) cash: Accounts receivable		4,099		-		-		4,099
Delinquent taxes receivable		-		12,558		-		12,558
Due from other governments		-		57		-		57
Prepaid items		(50)		-		-		(50)
Accounts payable		-		(11)		3,047		3,036
Due to other governments				(12,560)		-		(12,560)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	90	\$	6,035	\$	63,788	\$	69,913

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Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds December 31, 2021

	Building and Grounds		Data Processing		plicating achine
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	82,250	\$	46,359	\$ 28,469
Accounts receivable		-		-	-
Prepaid items		-		61,791	-
Total current assets		82,250		108,150	28,469
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets being depreciated, net		11,297		27,797	25,955
Total assets		93,547		135,947	54,424
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		17,758		7,713	-
Accrued liabilities		6,610		2,989	
Total liabilities		24,368		10,702	
Net position					
Investment in capital assets		11,297		27,797	25,955
Unrestricted		57,882		97,448	28,469
Total net position	\$	69,179	\$	125,245	\$ 54,424

Mailing partment	elecom- inications	Health Isurance	MMRMA Retention		Motor Pool	Totals
\$ 38,412	\$ 58,216	\$ 352,943	\$ -	\$	178,379	\$ 785,028
-	-	2,153	-		-	2,153
 		-	 267,933			329,724
38,412	58,216	355,096	267,933		178,379	1,116,905
-	 21,808	-	-		301,135	387,992
38,412	80,024	355,096	267,933		479,514	 1,504,897
_	-	163,117	115,790		_	304,378
 -	-	66,659	-		-	 76,258
 	 	229,776	 115,790			 380,636
-	21,808	-	-		301,135	387,992
 38,412	58,216	125,320	152,143		178,379	736,269
_					_	
\$ 38,412	\$ 80,024	\$ 125,320	\$ 152,143	\$	479,514	\$ 1,124,261

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position

and Change in Fund Net Position
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	lding and rounds	Data Processing		plicating lachine
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 678,276	\$	428,961	\$ 20,106
Operating expenses				
Salaries and fringes	204,146		112,910	-
Depreciation	5,160		15,897	5,334
Other operating expenses	496,917		281,566	 32,355
Total operating expenses	706,223		410,373	37,689
Operating income (loss)	(27,947)		18,588	 (17,583)
Nonoperating revenues				
Gain on sale of capital assets Investment income	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total nonoperating revenues				
Income (loss) before transfers	(27,947)		18,588	(17,583)
Transfers				
Transfers in	 			 25,000
Change in net position	(27,947)		18,588	7,417
Net position, beginning of year	97,126		106,657	 47,007
Net position, end of year	\$ 69,179	\$	125,245	\$ 54,424

	Mailing Telecom- Department munications		ı	Health Insurance		MMRMA Retention		Motor Pool		Totals	
\$	35,859	\$	14,137	Ś	1,943,010	\$	153,625	\$	103,307	\$	3,377,281
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	100,010			<u> </u>	0,011,202
	-		-		-		-		-		317,056
	-		6,542		-		-		122,187		155,120
	33,189		17,821		2,012,741		65,976		-		2,940,565
	33,189		24,363		2,012,741		65,976		122,187		3,412,741
	2,670		(10,226)		(69,731)		87,649		(18,880)		(35,460)
	-		-		-		-		31,800		31,800
							5,213				5,213
							5,213		31,800		37,013
	2,670		(10,226)		(69,731)		92,862		12,920		1,553
	_		_		_		_		_		25,000
	2,670		(10,226)		(69,731)		92,862		12,920		26,553
	35,742		90,250		195,051		59,281		466,594		1,097,708
\$	38,412	\$	80,024	\$	125,320	\$	152,143	\$	479,514	\$	1,124,261

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	lding and rounds	Data ocessing	plicating lachine
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from interfund services	\$ 678,276	\$ 428,961	\$ 20,106
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(495,483)	(265,990)	(34,412)
Cash payments to employees for services	 (204,146)	(112,910)	
Net cash provided by (used in)			
operating activities	 (21,353)	50,061	(14,306)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Transfers in	_	-	25,000
Cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities			
Purchases of capital assets	-	(24,900)	(13,759)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 -	 -	 -
Net cash used in capital and related		(2.4.000)	(40.750)
financing activities	 	 (24,900)	 (13,759)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received		 	 <u>-</u>
Net change in cash and investments	(21,353)	25,161	(3,065)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	103,603	21,198	31,534
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 82,250	\$ 46,359	\$ 28,469
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (27,947)	\$ 18,588	\$ (17,583)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	5,160	15,897	5,334
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:			
Accounts receivable	_	-	-
Prepaid items	8,603	14,858	-
Accounts payable	(7,704)	343	(2,057)
Accrued liabilities	 535	 375	 <u> </u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (21,353)	\$ 50,061	\$ (14,306)

Mailing Department		elecom- nications	ı	Health Insurance	MMRMA Retention		Motor Pool	Totals
\$	35,859 (33,189) -	\$ 14,137 (17,821)	\$	1,994,091 - (2,012,741)	\$	153,625 (158,838) -	\$ 103,307 - -	\$ 3,428,362 (1,005,733) (2,329,797)
	2,670	(3,684)		(18,650)		(5,213)	103,307	92,832
		 						 25,000
	- -	- -		- -		- -	 (124,332) 31,800	 (162,991) 31,800
	<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 (92,532)	(131,191)
		 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		5,213	 <u>-</u>	 5,213
	2,670	(3,684)		(18,650)		-	10,775	(8,146)
	35,742	61,900		371,593			 167,604	793,174
\$	38,412	\$ 58,216	\$	352,943	\$		\$ 178,379	\$ 785,028
\$	2,670	\$ (10,226)	\$	(69,731)	\$	87,649	\$ (18,880)	\$ (35,460)
	-	6,542		-		-	122,187	155,120
	- - - -	- - - -		(1,471) - 31,021 21,531		- (122,600) 29,738 -	- - - -	(1,471) (99,139) 51,341 22,441
\$	2,670	\$ (3,684)	\$	(18,650)	\$	(5,213)	\$ 103,307	\$ 92,832

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Custodial Funds December 31, 2021

	Trust & Agency		Library Penal Fine		Inmate Trust Account		Totals	
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 644,256	\$	22,807	\$	17,024	\$	684,087	
Liabilities Due to other governments	 644,256		22,807				667,063	
Net position restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	17,024	\$	17,024_	

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Trust & Agency	ı	Library Penal Fine	Inmate Trust Account		Totals
Additions Property tax collections for						
other governments	\$ 23,803,078	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 23,803,078
Library penal fine collections	-		33,093		-	33,093
Inmate trust collections	-		-		78,266	78,266
Miscellaneous	314,618		-		-	314,618
Total additions	 24,117,696		33,093		78,266	24,229,055
Deductions						
Payments of property taxes to						
other governments	23,803,078		-		-	23,803,078
Library penal fine distributions	-		33,093		-	33,093
Inmate trust distributions	-		-		68,538	68,538
Miscellaneous	314,618				_	314,618
Total deductions	 24,117,696		33,093		68,538	 24,219,327
Change in net position	-		-		9,728	9,728
Net position, beginning of year,					7,296	 7,296
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$		\$	17,024	\$ 17,024

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COMPONENT UNITS

Balance Sheet

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit December 31, 2021

Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 222,570
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	\$ 333
Long-term advance from primary government	90,000
Total liabilities	90,333
Fund balance	
Unassigned	 132,237
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 222,570

Reconciliation

Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to Net Position of Governmental Activities Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit December 31, 2021

Fund balance - governmental fund

\$ 132,237

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Notes payable (290,615)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (158,378)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 42,293
Interest	 49
Total revenues	42,342
Expenditures	
Public works	10,350
Debt service:	
Principal	24,213
Interest	 787
Total expenditures	35,350
Net change in fund balance	6,992
Fund balance, beginning of year	 125,245
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 132,237

Reconciliation

Net Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 6,992
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal payments on long-term debt	 24,213
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 31,205

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 53,103	\$ 53,103	\$	42,293	\$ (10,810)
Interest	140	140		49	(91)
Other revenue	300	 300			(300)
Total revenues	 53,543	 53,543		42,342	 (11,201)
Expenditures Public works	28,543	28,543		10,350	(18,193)
Debt service: Principal	24,213	24,213		24,213	-
Interest	787	787		787	-
Total expenditures	53,543	53,543		35,350	(18,193)
Net change in fund balance	-	-		6,992	6,992
Fund balance, beginning of year	125,245	 125,245		125,245	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 125,245	\$ 125,245	\$	132,237	\$ 6,992

_		
Balance Sheet		
Land Bank Authority Component Unit		
December 31, 2021		
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	67,255
Due from other governments		20,000
Assets held for resale		75,307
Total assets	\$	162,562
Fund balance		
Nonspendable - assets held for resale	\$	75,307
Unassigned		87,255
Total fund balance	_\$	162,562

____,

Land Bank Authority Component Unit
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 6,016
Sale of Land Bank assets	18
Other revenue	 42
Total revenues	6,076
Expenditures	
Public works	 74
Net change in fund balance	6,002
Fund balance, beginning of year	156,560
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 162,562

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual Land Bank Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	6,016	\$	(1,484)
Sale of Land Bank assets		-		-		18		18
Other revenue		125		125		42		(83)
Total revenues		7,625		7,625		6,076		(1,549)
Expenditures								
Public works		7,625		7,625		74		(7,551)
Net change in fund balance				-		6,002		6,002
Fund balance, beginning of year		156,560		156,560		156,560		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	156,560	\$	156,560	\$	162,562	\$	6,002

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INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

May 24, 2022

Honorable Members of the Board of Commissioners Leelanau County Suttons Bay, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Leelanau County, Michigan* (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Leelanau County, Michigan's Response to Finding

The County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC

Schedule of Findings and Responses

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

2021-001 - Audit Adjustments and Preparation of Financial Statements in Accordance with GAAP (Repeated from Prior Year)

Finding Type. Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

Criteria. All Michigan governments are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). This is a responsibility of the County's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting).

Condition. We identified and proposed material audit adjustments related to cash and payables, and to record the long-term debt refunding transaction in the fund financial statements. In addition, the County has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the government's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the government's internal controls.

Cause. This condition was caused by various oversights in recording adjustments for those areas noted above. This condition was also caused by the County's decision that it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the auditors than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary training and expertise required for the County to perform this task internally.

Effect. As a result of this condition, the County's accounting records were initially misstated by amounts material to the financial statements. Also as a result of this condition, the County lacks complete internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

View of Responsible Officials. Management agrees with the proposed entries, and they have been recorded. In addition, the County has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interests of the County to outsource this task to its external auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

May 24, 2022

Honorable Members of the **Board of Commissioners** Leelanau County Suttons Bay, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Leelanau County, Michigan (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2022. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated February 4, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the County solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

We have provided our findings regarding internal control over financial reporting and compliance noted during our audit in a separate letter to you dated May 24, 2022.

<u>Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit</u>

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter and in our meeting about planning matters on March 16, 2022.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm has complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Significant Risks Identified

We have identified the risks of management override of internal control and revenue recognition as significant risks, and have obtained an understanding of the County's related controls, including control activities, relevant to such risks.

Qualitative Aspects of the County's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the County is included in Note 1 to the financial statements.

There have been no initial selections of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during the year.

No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements were:

 Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future.

- Management's estimate of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.
- Management's estimate of the insurance claims incurred but not reported is based on information provided by the entity's third party administrators and subsequent claims activity.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units. In addition, the financial statements include a net pension liability and other pension-related amounts, which are dependent on estimates made by the plan. These estimates are based on historical trends and industry standards, but are not within the control of management.

Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. The material misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management are described in the Schedule of Findings and Responses issued in connection with our report on internal control over financial reporting.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the County's financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in Attachment B to this letter.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the County, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the County's auditors.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Our responsibility for the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. We made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Upcoming Changes in Accounting Standards

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) are continually changing in order to promote the usability and enhance the applicability of information included in external financial reporting. While it would not be practical to include an in-depth discussion of every upcoming change in professional standards, Attachment A to this letter contains a brief overview of recent pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and their related effective dates. Management is responsible for reviewing these standards, determining their applicability, and implementing them in future accounting periods.

This information is intended solely for the use of the governing body and management of Leelanau County, Michigan and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Rehmann Loham LLC



Attachment A – Upcoming Changes in Accounting Standards / Regulations

For the December 31, 2021 Audit

The following pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) have been released recently and may be applicable to the County in the near future. We encourage management to review the following information and determine which standard(s) may be applicable to the County. For the complete text of these and other GASB standards, visit www.gasb.org and click on the "Standards & Guidance" tab. If you have questions regarding the applicability, timing, or implementation approach for any of these standards, please contact your audit team.

GASB 87 ■ Leases

Effective 06/15/2022 (your FY 2022)

This standard establishes a single model for reporting all leases (including those previously classified as operating and capital). Lessees will now report offsetting intangible lease assets and lease liabilities equal to the present value of future lease payments. Lessors will report offsetting lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB 91 ■ Conduit Debt Obligations

Effective 12/15/2022 (your FY 2022)

This standard defines "conduit debt obligations", where a government issues debt whose proceeds are received and repaid by a third-party obligor without the issuer being primarily liable. The standard requires issuers to disclose conduit debt obligations, but not to record a liability unless it is *more likely than not* that a commitment made by the issuer will require it to support one or more debt payments for a conduit debt obligation. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the County.

GASB 92 ■ Omnibus 2020

Effective 06/15/2022 (your FY 2022)

This standard includes a variety of small technical revisions to previously issued GASB statements. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the County.

GASB 93 ■ Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Effective 06/15/2022 (your FY 2022)

This standard provides guidance to governments with agreements with variable payments tied to LIBOR, and how to transition them to a new reference rate. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the County.

GASB 94 ■ Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

Effective 06/15/2023 (your FY 2023)

This standard addresses accounting and financial reporting for arrangements in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a capital asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the County.

Attachment A – Upcoming Changes in Accounting Standards / Regulations

For the December 31, 2021 Audit

GASB 96 ■ **Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements**

Effective 06/15/2023 (your FY 2023)

This standard expands on the new guidance for leases and applies it to computer software contracts (subscriptions) with similar characteristics. Governments that subscribe to a vendor's IT software will now report offsetting intangible subscription assets and subscription liabilities equal to the present value of future subscription payments.

GASB 97 ■ Certain Component Unit Criteria and IRC Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans

Effective 06/15/2022 (your FY 2022)

This standard amends the requirements for when to report defined contribution pension plans (such as 401k and 403b plans) as fiduciary component units, and how to account for Section 457 deferred compensation plans.

Attachment B – Management Representations

For the December 31, 2021 Audit

The following pages contain the written representations that we requested from management.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
Rick Robbins, District #1
Debra L. Rushton, District #2
Lois Bahle, District #3
Ty Wessell, District #4
Patricia Soutas-Little, District #5
Gwenne Allgaier, District #6
Melinda C. Lautner, District #7



Chet Janik, County Administrator

Leelanau County Government Center

8527 E. Government Center Drive, Suite #101

Suttons Bay, Michigan 49682

(231) 256-9711 * (866) 256-9711 toll free

(231) 256-0120 fax

www.leelanau.gov * cjanik@co.leelanau.gov

May 24, 2022

Rehmann Robson 107 S. Cass St. Suite A Traverse City, MI 49684

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Leelanau County, Michigan* (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions on whether the basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the major special revenue fund of the County in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted for governments in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm that, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves as of May 24, 2022:

Financial Statements

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated February 4, 2022, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the various opinion units referred to above in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- The financial statements referred to above have been fairly presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and include all properly classified funds, required supplementary information, and notes to the basic financial statements.
- We have reviewed and approved the various adjusting journal entries that were proposed by you for recording in our books and records and reflected in the financial statements.
- 4. With respect to any assistance you provided in drafting the financial statements and related notes, we have performed the following:

- a. Made all management decisions and performed all management functions;
- b. Assigned a competent individual to oversee the services;
- c. Evaluated the adequacy of the services performed;
- d. Evaluated and accepted responsibility for the result of the service performed; and
- e. Established and maintained internal controls, including monitoring ongoing activities.
- 5. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 7. Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 8. Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP. For the purposes of this letter, related parties mean members of the governing body; board members; administrative officials; immediate families of administrative officials, board members, and members of the governing body; and any companies affiliated with or owned by such individuals.
- 9. All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which U.S. GAAP requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
- 10. The effects of all known actual or possible litigation and claims have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 11. With regard to items reported at fair value:
 - a. The underlying assumptions are reasonable, and they appropriately reflect management's intent and ability to carry out its stated courses of action.
 - b. The measurement methods and related assumptions used in determining fair value are appropriate in the circumstances and have been consistently applied.
 - c. The disclosures related to fair values are complete, adequate, and in conformity with U.S. GAAP.
 - d. There are no subsequent events that require adjustments to the fair value measurements and disclosures included in the financial statements.
- 12. All component units, as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, are included and other joint ventures and related organizations are properly disclosed.
- 13. All funds and activities are properly classified.
- 14. All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are considered important to financial statement users.
- 15. All components of net position and fund balance classifications have been properly reported.
- 16. All revenues within the statement of activities have been properly classified as program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 17. All expenses have been properly classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations, if any, have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 18. All interfund and intra-entity transactions and balances have been properly classified and reported.

- 19. Special items and extraordinary items have been properly classified and reported.
- 20. Deposit and investment risks have been properly and fully disclosed.
- 21. Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and if applicable, depreciated.
- 22. All required supplementary information is measured and presented within the prescribed guidelines.
- 23. We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension liabilities and costs for financial accounting purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.
- 24. We are responsible for the fair presentation of the County's net pension liability as calculated by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS) and related amounts. We provided MERS with complete and accurate information regarding the County's participation in the plan, and have reviewed the information provided by MERS for inclusion in the County's financial statements.
- 25. In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. While the pandemic has resulted in an increase in the demands on the County for providing emergency services to its citizens, the Federal Government has also provided significant resources to help mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. At this time, management does not believe that any ongoing negative financial impact related to the pandemic, if any, would be material to the County.

Information Provided

- 26. We have provided you with:
 - a. Access to all information, of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the various opinion units referred to above, such as records, documentation, meeting minutes, and other matters;
 - b. Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
 - c. Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 27. All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 28. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 29. We have disclosed to you all information that we are aware of regarding fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
 - a. Management;
 - b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
 - c. Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 30. We have disclosed to you all information that we are aware of regarding instances, that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws and regulations that have a material effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance, whether communicated by employees, former employees, vendors (contractors), regulators, or others.
- 31. We have no knowledge of any instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of noncompliance with provisions of contracts and grant agreements that has a material effect on the

- determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 32. We have no knowledge of any instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 33. We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 34. We have identified for you all previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 35. We have provided views on your reported audit findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for the report.
- 36. We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 37. We have disclosed to you the identity of the entity's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.
- 38. There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with or deficiencies in accounting, internal control, or financial reporting practices.
- 39. The County has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities.
- 40. We have disclosed to you all guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the County is contingently liable.
- 41. We have identified and disclosed to you the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on financial statement amounts, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.

42. There are no:

- a. Violations or possible violations of laws or regulations, or provisions of contracts or grant agreements whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, including applicable budget laws and regulations.
- b. Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer has advised are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.
- c. Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by GASB Statement No. 62.
- 43. The County has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset or future revenue been pledged as collateral, except as disclosed to you.
- 44. We have complied with all aspects of grant agreements and other contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 45. We have disclosed to you all significant estimates and material concentrations known to management that are required to be disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62. Significant estimates are estimates at the balance sheet date that could change materially within the next year. Concentrations refer to volumes of business, revenues, available sources of supply, or markets or geographic areas for which events could occur that would significantly disrupt normal finances within the next year.

Supplementary Information in Relation to the Financial Statements as a Whole

- 46. With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements:
 - a. We acknowledge our responsibility for the presentation of the supplementary information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
 - b. We believe the supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
 - c. The methods of measurement or presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period.
 - d. We believe the significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the supplementary information, and the basis for our assumptions and interpretations, are reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances.

Required Supplementary Information

- 47. With respect to the required supplementary information accompanying the financial statements:
 - a. We acknowledge our responsibility for the presentation of the required supplementary information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
 - b. We believe the required supplementary information, including its form and content, is measured and fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
 - c. The methods of measurement or presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period.
 - d. We believe the significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the required supplementary information, and the basis for our assumptions and interpretations, are reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances.

Chet Janik, County Administrator

Michelle L. Crocker, County Clerk

John A. Gallagher, County Treasurer